

THE NEW NORTH.

VOLUME 10. NO. 11.

RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1892.

TERMS—\$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

HO! EVERYBODY COME

—AND BE CONVINCED THAT WE,—

JENKINSON & SON, RHINELANDER.



Can and will give you more Value for your money than any merchant in the city, in the way of Builder's Hardware, Nails, Mechanic's Tools, etc.

Have by far the Largest and best stock of Paints and varnishes and brushes to apply them in Rhinelander. That we are the exclusive dealers in the celebrated Garland Stoves and Ranges.

Gasoline Stoves, Refrigerators, Pumps, Steam Packing, Hose and Reels. Boys and Girls if you want to go Fishing we can show you the Largest and Finest Line of Tackle in Northern Wisconsin. We can Save you Money on all the goods we have mentioned and are ready to compete with any figures you may bring.

♦ ♦ ♦ CALL AND SEE US, ON THE CORNER. ♦ ♦ ♦

A Mystery Cleared Up.

Last October the body of a man was found near McNaughton. It was badly decomposed and no traces of identification were visible. The coroner's jury viewed the remains and they were buried where found. At last the identification has been made. The unfortunate man was Alphonse Gooselin, a laborer about 30 years of age, who on the night last seen alive, left McNaughton in company with another woodsman, to go to a camp near by. He was intoxicated at the time and departed with his companion as to the best way to reach camp. They finally separated and no doubt Gooselin became lost and died from exposure. The fact of a man's body being found and failing to hear from his brother for some time Mr. Leu Gooselin concluded that the body was that of his brother. He spent some time in looking up the case and is now fully satisfied of the identity. Last week the remains were exhumed from their primitive grave in the woods and brought here, being buried in the cemetery.

Blackburn-Bishop.

Robert Blackburn and Miss Carrie Bishop were married yesterday at the home of the bride's parents in Whitewater, Wis. The ceremony was witnessed by Mrs. Archie Stewart and the writer and family. Mr. and Mrs. Blackburn will visit Chicago and after a brief trip return to Rhinelander where they will reside permanently, occupying S. H. Alban's house on Rives street. Both of the contracting parties are well-known here, and start in life with the kind wishes of all their friends and acquaintances.

The Largest Ever Known.

The biggest log jam for years has formed at Grandfather, and blocks the river the whole length of the falls. In this jam it is estimated that between 15,000,000 and 20,000,000 feet of logs are piled. A crew of men are now at work, and have been for several days past, breaking the jam and getting the logs down. All logs banked between Grandfather and Tomahawk, besides many which have come down from above, are tied up in this jam. Quite a number have gone up to Grandfather from this city and Wausau during the past week to see the great pile of logs.—Merrill News.

This week Spafford & Cole show the noblest boys' suits in town.

Married To-Day.

Miss Nellie Lloyd, daughter of M. W. Lloyd, of this city, is to be married this evening to Mr. Matthew Bellew, of Oconto, Wis. The bride is well-known to many young people here who will extend hearty congratulations. The groom is a wealthy and prominent young man. He has been connected with the Oconto Lumber Company for years, and is at present clerk of the city. The newly married couple will reside at Oconto.

C. A. Cole, of Ashland, called on Rhinelander people Monday.

Geo. H. Hastings, of Monico, was a Rhinelander visitor Monday.

E. D. Brown is up from Stevens Point for a visit to his children.

C. C. Yawkey was in the city Tuesday to attend the county convention.

P. Shay, of Armstrong Creek, transacted business in Rhinelander Monday.

Mrs. Lyons and Mrs. Meads, of McNaughton, visited Rhinelander Monday.

F. Randall, a bridge contractor of Antigo, was in Rhinelander on business Monday.

Chas. Naylor has taken the agency for Rhinelander for the New American Sewing machine.

W. S. Taylor and J. H. Green, of Appleton, were here on business the first of the week.

Chet Worden, of Merrill, was in town last week looking for logs to stock his mill this season.

Now is the time to clean up your back yards and out-buildings before the health officer gets after you.

E. S. Shepard started Sunday night for his new town, Hannaford, Minn. Gene expects a big boom for Hannaford this summer.

The Sons of Veterans ball Monday evening was attended by a large number, who thoroughly appreciated the event.

The Boom Company begin sorting this week. They will run a crew of between fifty and sixty men. Tom Doyle is foreman and J. W. Doney again bosses the cookee.

G. W. Bishop left Monday night for his old home at Whitewater, Wis., to attend the wedding of his sister, Miss Carrie Bishop which occurred at that place last evening.

Miss Redfield is visiting friends at Antigo.

Miss Alban returned to her studies at Appleton Monday.

E. M. Kemp left Monday evening for St. Louis on a business trip.

George Stout, of Antigo, was a caller at this office last Saturday.

A little daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Lewis last Friday.

Mr. G. W. Spaulding, of Appleton, was in town Tuesday on business.

Dr. Hinman has commenced the erection of a fine residence on Oneida Ave.

Bryant Johnson returned to Rhinelander last week from Appleton and will remain here with his father.

"I don't feel it. I had a very pleasant trip."

"I am delighted to hear it."

"You wouldn't be if you knew the size thereof, O guileless great man!"

The Easter dance at the Rhinelander Opera House Monday evening was well patronized; about eighty couples participated.

A. D. Sutton is building a two-story structure on his lots just north of the Soo House. It will be occupied by a saloon.

The prospectus of the May issue of the Cosmopolitan, is accompanied by a letter of the American News Co., stating that the news stand sales of the Cosmopolitan have increased nearly one thousand per cent. during the past three years—the second half of the Cosmopolitan's existence.

The following is said to be an absolutely correct way of telling the width of any river: "Stand on the river bank and lower the brim of your hat until the edge just 'cuts' the other bank. Then steady your head by putting your hand under the chin. Turn around carefully and notice where the range of the brim of the hat meets the ground. Measure this distance and you will have the width of the river."

The Eagle River Review says that logs will not sell this year for as much in the Rhinelander boom as they did last season on bank above Eagle River. There is no question but what the increased cut has lowered prices, and the fact that many Wausau and Merrill mills have just got the last year's drive into boom tends to lessen the demand and consequently cut down the price.

Chris. Hill, of Shawano, was in our city Monday.

J. McCarty, of McNaughton, was in town Monday.

Wm. Daniels is in Michigan this week on business.

H. B. Broughton is transacting business in Minneapolis this week.

John R. Binder was in the southern part of the state last week on business.

F. C. Ulrich left last week for a three weeks' sojourn in Southern Wisconsin.

Judge Bardeen and Court Reporter Hart spent the Sabbath at their homes in Wausau.

Good residence lots can be bought on easy terms in a desirable location. For particulars inquire of T. G. Givney.

While walking on the South side the writer counted ten new residences in course of construction. Not a bad showing for a starter so early in the season.

Parties who are longing for a few days' outing where fish are plentiful and the accommodations good, can find everything that their heart desires by driving up to Ted Tripp's new resort on Sugar Camp.

J. N. Keel has built a two-story frame store building on his Brown St. vacant lot, formerly occupied by the old rink. It is not yet rented, but will doubtless be occupied as a saloon. This fills up the last vacant space in the block.

A number of young ladies will give a Leap Year Ball in the Grand Opera House Friday evening. An effort was made to secure the Dana Orchestra from Wausau for the occasion, but unfortunately they were engaged and as a necessity home music was substituted. The young ladies have made elaborate preparations and will no doubt give a pleasant party.

E. D. Brown, of Stevens Point, recently made a small sale of pine land to the Yawkey & Lee Lumber Company, of Hazelhurst. The tract disposed of comprised twenty-one acres and lies in this county. The price paid was \$25,000. As an evidence of how pine lands have increased in value during the past few years, it may be stated in this connection that five years ago Mr. Brown offered this same tract for \$15,000.

The street sprinkler commenced its summer's labor Monday.

Mr. Germond joined his family in this place last week, and will remain here permanently.

Miss Washburn, of Prairie du Chien, is visiting her brother A. J. Washburn, in this place.

H. Lewis is putting up two new store buildings on Brown St., near Wiesen's restaurant.

F. A. Hallett & Co. disposed of 60,000 pounds of butterine in this vicinity this winter.

Bro. Morrill, of the Minocqua Times was in town Tuesday as a delegate to the county convention.

The Rhinelander Iron Works turned out a 1,500 pound pulley for R. Otto's mill at State Line this week.

Miss Myra Germond left Monday night for Tacoma, Washington, where she will spend the coming year with a brother.

George Schroeder, of DePere, is in the city visiting his brother John. He will remain here and learn the harness-making business in John's shop.

General Manager H. E. Barber, of the Minneapolis Stock Yards & Packing Co., was in the city the first of the week in the interest of the company.

The Catholic church congregation contemplate building a parsonage in the vicinity of the church in the near future, for the use of Father July.

D. Hannerhan, a workman on the Pelican Boom, fell into the lake Monday, while fastening two boom stakes together, and narrowly escaped drowning.

S. Franks, formerly express messenger between Monico Junction and Hurley, has been transferred to the main line, and will hereafter run between Milwaukee and Ashland.

The refuse burner at D. B. Stevens & Son's mill is nearly completed. It will be a valuable acquisition to the mill and will considerably increase the lumber output at the end of the season.

D. J. Coyle, of the Hammond Lumber Packing Co., Chicago, will remove his family from Bay City, Mich., to Rhinelander this week. They will occupy E. G. Squire's house on Fredrick street.

Frank Robbins was in town over Sunday visiting his family.

Mr. C. Krueger entertained his mother and brother from Wausau last week.

Nearly every corner on our streets is lined with loafers these days, much to the disgust of ladies who are obliged to pass them. The corner loafer could be better employed.

Mrs. J. Bowerman, of Eagle River, arrived in the city last week. Mr. Bowerman is employed at Jenkinson & Co.'s Jewelry Store. They will be permanent residents of Rhinelander.

Appropriate Easter sermons were delivered in the several churches Sunday morning, and special Easter services were held at the Baptist and Methodist churches in the evening.

Ed. Hagen, general superintendent for the Winona Lumber Co., at Stellan Junction, Wis., was in Rhinelander the first of the week securing men to operate their mill for the summer run.

Chas. McCormick who forged an order on Mr. Madden, of Minocqua, was convicted and sentenced to one year in prison. It might be well to mention right here that he is no kin of our Judge McCormick.

The first game of ball of the season was played on our home grounds last Sunday, between the railroad boys and the Rhinelander club. It was a very close and interesting game, standing at the close ten to eight in favor of Rhinelander.

A very pleasant company assembled at the hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Billings last Saturday evening to condole with Robert Blackburn upon the few remaining days of his bachelorhood. A feature of the occasion was the presentation of a handsome edition of Shakespeare by Mr. and Mrs. Billings in recognition of his faithful services as usher, at the Congregational church during the past fifteen months.

The Cold Day aggregation of comedians and all-around theatrical lally-coolers showed to a packed house last Thursday evening. They were more than pleased at the reception given the ticket seller and at once declared another game on. They came back Tuesday night and were greeted by a fair-sized house. The play is a pretty tough specimen of nothing but the actors are apparently a jolly, sociable crowd who are doing the best they can.

NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING COMPANY.
RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN.

The desert of Sahara is becoming a garden. Within a few years 12,000,000 acres of desert land have been made fruitful by artesian wells.

SIR HENRY BESSEMER suggests the substitution of aluminum tokens for bank notes of small denomination, as being clean, slightly and uncounterfeitable.

In the event of war, Russia could show an army of 1,800,000 men, besides Cossacks; France, on a war footing, an army of 2,900,000; Germany, an army of 2,301,000.

SMELTS are so abundant in the waters at Castle Rock, Ore., that a fisherman standing on the shore with a scoop-net is able to dip out in a few minutes more than he can carry away.

A big salmon packing establishment has been organized by the salmon canners of California, British Columbia and Alaska, the agreement being to only put up half the usual pack this year.

An idea of the large scale on which the World's fair is planned is given in the central steel arch of the manufacturers' building, just completed, which is 212 feet high and 375 feet wide at the base.

There are but six survivors left of the men who for three years suffered the tortures of cold and starvation in the expedition to Lady Franklin bay. The best known of them all is Gen. A. W. Greely, chief signal officer.

An examination of the statistics of foreign navies shows that this country will stand seventh on the list when our present vessels are completed. The roll will run: Great Britain, France, Italy, Russia, Germany, Spain, United States.

The French government is making an interesting railroad experiment. A recent order reduces third-class fares 20 per cent., second-class fares 20 per cent., and first-class fares 10 per cent. The theory is that the revenue will be increased by the lower fares.

The oldest officer of the United States navy is Com. Henry Bruce, now living in Boston and on the retired list. He entered the service as a midshipman November 9, 1813. It is doubtful whether any other country can show a naval officer of equal age in service.

It is a popular supposition that great financiers never permit sentiment to enter into their business transactions, yet Baron Hirsch, so it is reported, is going to sell his immensely valuable Austrian estates and sever all his connections with the empire of Francis Joseph simply because he was black-balled at the Vienna Jockey club.

A woman in the Fortnightly Review has taken great pains to collect a number of facts as evidence that women endure pain with much greater courage than men, that men swoon in the dental chair more frequently than women, who face the inevitable suffering more uncomplainingly and patiently, all of which every dentist and most women know before.

The "swinging rock" of Mount Tandil in the Argentine province of Buenos Ayres is one of the most remarkable features of South America. A gigantic block 22 feet high, 82 feet long, and 15 feet broad, with a diameter of more than 4,500 cubic feet, and weighing about 50,000 pounds, seems pivoted to its base by an invisible pin, and has a lateral motion from east to west, produced by the wind, or by the propelling strength of man.

NEW HAMPSHIRE has hit upon a distinctive building to represent the state at the World's fair. The plan is that of a Swiss chalet, with a lower story of granite and two verandas on all sides. The lower veranda will be for reception uses, and the upper for the exhibition of rich and topographical state maps and minerals. Inside there will be a commissioner's room, post-office, reception hall, picture gallery and smoking room.

REAR ADMIRAL KIMBERLY, who has gone on to the retired list of the American navy, is best remembered for his service as executive officer of Farragut's flagship, the Hartford, standing on the bridge, fully exposed to the enemy's fire, in the passage of Fort Hudson and Grand Gulf, and in Mobile bay. He was also in command of the American squadron at Apia, Samoa, when the Trenton, Nipisic and Vandalia were overtaken by the famous hurricane of March, 1889.

A new invention called the "submarine sentry" is described in a column and a half of the London Times, with an illustration. It set for twenty fathoms the sentry travels along quickly until it touches bottom at that depth. This releases a spring and the sentry-machine ascends to the surface and rings a bell on deck. Davy Jones touches the button and the simple little instrument does the rest, warning the officer in charge against shoaling water.

A FIFTEEN-TON locomotive steam crane that was lately placed in one of the great steel plants of England, is the largest ever built. The load to be lifted is fifteen tons, at a radius of sixteen feet, and at this radius the center of the jib pulley is twenty-three feet from the rail level, but the jib is fitted with a derrick motion, permitting it to be lowered so as to be clear under a headway of seventeen feet. All the gearing, also the roller path and roller, main cross-head, and many other important parts about this immense piece of work are made of cast steel, and the post is steel forging.

A FURIOUS STORM.

Wind, Rain and Hail Cause Great Damage in Virginia.

A Farmer's Wife Killed, and Her Servant Girl Probably Met the Same Fate.—Condition of Affairs in Mississippi's Flooded Section.

SWEPT BY WIND.

PETERSBURG, Va., April 16.—The counties contiguous to Petersburg were visited Thursday night by a most terrific wind, rain and hailstorm, the severest ever experienced in this section of the state. The storm was particularly destructive in Dinwiddie county, where the wind attained the velocity of a cyclone and left death and destruction in its path. It covered an area of 15 miles, beginning in the center of the county and extending to the Sussex county line, to within a short distance of Stony Creek, a station on the Petersburg & Weldon railroad 20 miles from Petersburg. Houses, barns and fences were leveled to the ground, and immense trees which had stood the storms of half a century or more were torn out by the roots; while others had their limbs twisted into all conceivable shapes.

During the storm the residence of Milton R. Rose, owner of a large sawmill, was taken by the wind from its foundation and carried into the air, and falling some yards away was crushed to pieces, the timbers falling upon Mrs. Rose and her children. Mrs. Rose was instantly killed, but the children escaped uninjured. It is stated that a servant girl employed by Mrs. Rose who was in the house at the time was also killed. Mr. Rose was not at home at the time of the cyclone.

It is feared that other damage not yet reported has been done by the hurricane. The storm was also very severe in Chesterfield county, in the vicinity of the county courthouse, where there was a heavy fall of hail, which did much damage in the way of breaking window glasses, cutting vegetation to pieces and destroying fruit trees.

NOFOLK, Va., April 16.—A cyclone struck this section about 8 o'clock Thursday night and left destruction in its wake. The wind attained a velocity of 60 miles an hour, and hail as large as small nuts fell. The greatest damage was done at Lambert's Point where a new roundhouse is being erected by the Norfolk & Western Railway Company. A wall 250 feet around and from 12 to 22 feet high was blown down as if it had been paper.

In Princess Anne county, near Greed's bridge, fifteen dwellings, barns and other farming implements were totally destroyed. Fruit trees were ruined, but the early crops are unharmed. The storm originated in Texas and is sweeping across the continent.

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 16.—The town of Bennettsville was visited at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon by the most terrific hailstorm that has ever been known in this state. The cloud came from the northwest. The hailstones were 2 inches in diameter and fell to the depth of 6 inches. Birds, chickens and hogs were killed and many glasses were broken; men and horses were knocked down, vegetables and cotton were completely cut down, and incalculable injury is reported from the country.

THE MISSISSIPPI FLOOD.

JACKSON, Miss., April 16.—Deputy Sheriff Crocker, of Lee county, was a passenger on the first Mobile & Ohio train that crossed the Tombigbee river in eight days. At that point half a mile of track has been washed up and carried a mile, where it was lodged against trees. Capt. Crocker says the published reports do not give half an idea of the wrecks and ruin to be seen in Lowndes, Clay and Monroe counties. Houses, fences and bridges are all gone. Thousands of dead horses, mules, cattle, hogs, sheep, poultry and the body of an occasional negro can be seen in every direction. Warrior river, in Alabama, just across the line, rose 47 feet in four hours. The city of Columbia is feeding 500 refugees. The water is falling in the Yazoo and Big Black rivers, in the western portion of the state, and the danger of an immediate serious overflow is about over. Trains are running on through.

John Langtone and his wife and twelve children were drowned in the flood.

His Reason for Suicide.

EVANSVILLE, Wis., April 16.—The remains of J. S. Douglas, aged 42 years, farmer, whose home was near the west shore of First lake, was found in the timber 2½ miles northeast of Oregon, Wis., and 2½ miles from his home April 13 with three bullet holes in his head. A revolver was near, and there was written in an account book found in his pocket: "This is to certify that my life is a failure. I lack brains enough to carry me safely through." He leaves a widow and a 7-year-old son.

Side Doors Were Open.

NEW YORK, April 18.—It was predicted, owing to Superintendent Brien's orders to the police captains, that Sunday—Easter—would be the driest Sunday on record in New York. Such was not the case, however. There was a direct return to the old order of things. Side doors were worked with the same confidence and easy way as before the Puritane era. Forty-one violators were arrested.

Georgia for Harrison.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 16.—The state republican convention elected delegates at large to the Minneapolis convention and adopted resolutions endorsing President Harrison and instructing the delegates for him. The convention also condemned the refusal of the last legislature to make suitable provision to have Georgia properly represented at the world's fair.

Russian Gratitude.

PHILADELPHIA, April 16.—The Russian relief steamer Indiana, which has just returned from Japan, brings many mementos from Russians as marks of their esteem and gratitude.

A RACE FOR HOMES.

Lively Scramble for the Indian Lands in South Dakota.

BROWN'S VALLEY, Minn., April 16.—Under a warm and glorious sun the great Sisseton reservation was thrown open to the public at 12 o'clock Friday, and though the rush over the line was milder than most people expected, it was sufficiently exciting and picturesque to please anybody. In fact, it was wildly exciting, and one of the strongest pictures ever expressed to mortal eyes. As early as 5 o'clock in the morning this town and the country around were astir. People were rushing through the streets, jostling one another, making no apology, bringing their last effects and hurrying away again to take up their stand near the border land. Teams from various directions passed through the village and disappeared up the valley toward the border. In two hours scarcely a solitary being could be found in the town. From the point of entry here to clear along the border so far as the eye could reach a novel sight was presented. Over 1,000 eager home-seekers were scattered and strung out for miles, the line of human beings disappearing in the distance. Many were mounted on broncos, others on lively horses, many in wagons, all anxious for the signal for the race. Many were on foot, waiting, hoping and devoured by nervousness.

Men stood with one foot almost on the line with their bodies bent forward as a sprinter awaits a signal. Twelve o'clock came. Up went Col. Barnard's right hand. The bugle pealed forth the order. Firing began instantly. The guards along the line took up the signal, the roar of the carbines sounding fainter and fainter till it died away.

It is now believed that not over 2,500 persons have located claims and that there will be good lands vacant for a week to come. Many are trusting to this, and a large crowd will leave here with guides to-day on the search. Most of the people in the great rush at noon carried compasses. Army officers assert that there were over 500 people located in the reservation in Indian huts in the brush to the west and in the ravines, where the eye of the soldier as he sped along could not reach them.

Miss Stanfer, of North Dakota; Miss Dehart, Mrs. Osborne and Mrs. Burnett, of Minneapolis, and Miss Sharp, all returned Friday night, happy in the fact that they located good claims close to the town site. They sat up all night in a tent, and it was a merry party throughout. Though determined to locate they were materially assisted by the men, who had pledged their assistance and protection.

The Sisseton Indian reservation surplus lands that were open to settlement at noon Friday are located in the northwestern corner of South Dakota, covering most of Brown county, lapping over on the edge of Marshall and Day counties, crossing the boundary of Grant and the sharp point of a triangular-shaped reservation extending down to the center of Goldaigau a few miles from Watertown. The northern base of the triangle extends over into Sargent and Richland counties in North Dakota, and for that reason things may be made at Fargo. The lands are rich and numerous lakes cover the entire extent of the reservation, a good portion of which is wooded and of a fully character. In fact the character of the lands reflects much credit on the judgment of the Sisseton Indians, who chose this land as their reward for their help to the settlers in the Indian war of 1892. For nearly thirty years they held the reservation intact and finally conceded that they would prefer to have their lands in severalty and the like which, so the matter was seen arranged, with the result that the Indians have selected many of the best lands on the reservation, but it is estimated that enough for about 4,000 claims of 10 acres each still remained up to noon Friday.

A FARMER FOUND DEAD.

Shot Down in His Barn Near Geneseo, Ill., by Some Unknown Assassin.

GENESEO, Ill., April 18.—Last Thursday night the report of a gun was heard in the barn on the Taylor farm in Cornwall township and the eldest son of James B. Taylor, who was near the barn at the time, rushed in and found his father lying on the floor dead, having been shot in the head with slugs or bullets fired from a shotgun. Mr. Taylor was 32 years old, and leaves a wife and seven children. The murdered man was a hard working farmer, and had no enemies that any one knows of. It is a very mysterious case, and every effort is being made to find the murderer.

METHODISTS WANT MONEY.

A Great University, National in Character, to Be Built at Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Bishop Hurst, of the Methodist church and chancellor of the American university which it is proposed to establish in Washington, has issued an appeal to the Methodists of the country for a fund of \$10,000,000 with which to establish and endow the institution in a manner that shall be creditable to the denomination for which it stands. Depositories for the receipt of funds are the agencies for the Methodist book concern at New York, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis and San Francisco.

Col. Nicholas Vedder Dead.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Nicholas Vedder, brevet lieutenant colonel and paymaster, U. S. A., died, aged 74 years. He was on the retired list of the army. Col. Vedder was one of the first paymasters appointed by President Lincoln. He was Gen. Sherman's chief paymaster on his march to the sea, during which time he disbursed \$52,000,000.

Two Heavy Shocks of Earthquake.

PORTLAND, Ore., April 18.—At 2:50 o'clock Sunday afternoon two heavy shocks of earthquake were felt in Portland and points near by. Vibrations were from west to east and lasted about ten seconds in each case. Many persons became frightened when buildings began to tremble and rushed into the street. No damage was done.

The Failure Record.

NEW YORK, April 16.—The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number 226, as compared with totals of 208 last week. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 231.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Work of the National Lawmakers in Senate and House.

A Daily Summary of the Proceedings in the Senate and House—Bills Passed and New Measures Introduced.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—In the senate yesterday a bill was introduced authorizing the Chicago national bank to establish a branch on the world's fair grounds. Senator Chandler (N. H.) spoke against the proposed constitutional amendment to elect senators by a direct vote of the people.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Bills were passed in the senate yesterday to reorganize the artillery and infantry of the army and to increase its efficiency; authorizing the secretary of war to cause an exploration and survey of the interior of the territory of Alaska; to amend the railroad land forfeiture acts so as to permit actual settlers to purchase the lands within three years after forfeiture; to provide for fixing uniform standard of classification and grading of wheat, corn, oats, barley and rye; for the preservation and custody of the records of the volunteer armies, creating a record and pension office in the war department, and for the better control of and to promote the safety of national banks. Mr. Morgan spoke in favor of the free coinage of silver.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—In the senate yesterday bills were passed appropriating \$500,000 for the erection of an additional wing to the national museum in Washington; appropriating \$75,000 for a bronze statue of Christopher Columbus in the capitol grounds, and to extend the free mail delivery. Adjourned to the 18th.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—In the house yesterday the urgent deficiency appropriation bill, carrying \$1,012,633, was passed; also the bill authorizing the construction of a railway bridge across the Mississippi river at Moline, Ill.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—A bill to create a third division of the district of Kansas for judicial purposes was passed in the house yesterday and a bill appropriating \$15,000 for the introduction of reindeer into Alaska was reported favorably.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—In the house yesterday the bill to indemnify settlers on the Des Moines river lands was favorably reported. The naval appropriation bill was discussed.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—In the house yesterday the post office appropriation bill (\$80,000,000) was reported. Favorable reports were made for the erection of public buildings in about thirty cities scattered all over the country.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—In the house on Saturday a bill was reported favorably to declare all Italian citizens who have attended school ten years at the government's expense, provided they are 21 years of age. The naval appropriation bill was further discussed.

BACK TO ITALY.

Minister Porter Directed to Return to His Post at Rome.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 16.—Albert G. Porter, minister to Italy, has received a telegram from Secretary Blaine requesting him to return to Rome at his earliest convenience. Mr. Porter has accordingly prepared to leave for Washington Sunday afternoon, the telegram directing him to report there. Minister Porter expresses satisfaction at the settlement and says it means the return of Baron Fava.

Tragedy in Michigan.

PORT HURON, Mich., April 18.—St. Clair county was the scene of another murder Saturday night, the fourth in three months. Richard Cook, aged 54, has resided on a farm in East China township, near here, for thirty-seven years. He has a pretty step-daughter, aged 22. William Colby, her lover, accused Cook of criminal conduct. The old man became furious and started for Colby with a pitchfork. Colby seized a neckyoke and brought it down over Cook's head, killing him.

miners during the five weeks that they have been on strike is \$1,250,000 (\$80,250,000). The condition of the miners and their families is deplorable, and the distress among workmen in the various industries more or less directly affected by the shut-down of the mines is growing more severe every day. The loss to the mine-owners, too, is great.

Copyright Treaty with Germany.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The secretary of state and Mr. Von Holleben, the German minister, exchanged on the 15th inst. the ratifications of their respective governments of the copyright agreement concluded between the United States and Germany at Washington on January 15. The agreement will go into operation at the expiration of three weeks from the date of its exchange.

McCarthyites Gone to Pieces.

LONDON, April 18.—A dispatch to the St. James Gazette from Dublin says that the McCarthyite party has been completely battered to pieces, and that it has split into four sections, one headed by Timothy Healy and the second by John Dillon and William O'Brien. The third wing is known as the neutrals, while the fourth consists of Justin McCarthy and his son.

Discovered an Ancient Mine.

DENVER, April 18.—An ancient mine has been discovered by prospectors at Silver Mountain. In a niche in the wall was found the mummy of an Indian child. Assayer Herbert Turner made an analysis and found it strongly impregnated with gold.

Will Assist in the Ceremonies.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The president and several members of his cabinet will visit New York on the 27th inst. to take part in the ceremonies incident to the laying of the corner-stone of the Grant monument.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

For the Week Ending April 18.

Alexander Mackenzie, ex-premier of Canada, died in Toronto, aged 70 years. John Waner was hanged at Talequah, I. T., for the assassination of George Dougherty.

Senator Blest Gana has accepted the position of minister to the United States from Chile.

The Iowa weather bureau states that the season in the state is fully two weeks late.

Reports show an average decrease of about 30 per cent. in the cotton acreage of the south.

Samuel Jackson, the most famous manufacturer of fireworks in the country, died in Philadelphia.

James Abbott confessed at Newark, N. J., to having seven wives in different parts of the country.

The people's party of the Sixteenth Illinois district have nominated Thomas Ratcliff for congressman.

Friday the Prospect Hill school building at Burlington, Ia., was burned. Loss, \$15,000; insurance, \$7,000.

Lew Bach and Jen Geng, both Christian Chinamen, were shot and mortally wounded by highlanders in St. Louis.

In a jealous rage John E. Geist, a carpenter, shot and killed his wife at Dayton, O., and then took his own life.

Twenty-eight radicals who took part in the recent troubles in Brazil have been exiled to the province of Amazonas.

A fire that started in a storehouse of the Long Island Railroad Company at Long Island City, N. Y., caused a loss of \$200,000.

Incendiary fires at San Antonio, Tex., destroyed the offices of the Daily Democrat and Daily News and several other buildings.

W. C. Erskine, of Pittsburgh, Pa., was knocked down by footpads and robbed of \$1,000 in money and other valuables.

A company with \$500,000 capital is being organized in Saginaw, Mich., which will engage in the manufacture of beet sugar.

A plot was discovered at Ottawa by which an organization in China was smuggling Chinamen into Canada on bogus certificates.

Maj. William H. Boyle, who was the principal keeper at Auburn prison for the last sixteen years, died of pneumonia, aged 53 years.

The treasury department at Washington has issued a circular excluding from free entry all animals not absolutely and strictly pure bred.

Advices from British Columbia state that the coast seal catch is a failure, and does not number one-half that taken up to the present date last year.

It. G. Dun & Co. report that the volume of trade this year exceeds that of any other year. Western cities are gaining almost without exception.

An examination of ex-Sheriff Higgins' books at Olney, Ill., showed him to be in debt to the county in the sum of \$1,625.22. Mr. Higgins is in England.

At Goshen, Ind., a divorce has been granted Abraham Price, aged 71 years, from his wife, aged 61 years. They had lived together forty-three years.

Unknown persons made an unsuccessful attempt to wreck the New York express on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad near Oswego, N. Y.

Jacob Stauber, a wealthy pioneer of the Saginaw valley, committed suicide by shooting himself at Saginaw, Mich. He was 65 years old and leaves a widow.

A painting representing a head of Christ, owned by the Mallard family, of Keokuk, Ia., has been recognized as the work of Raphael. It is valued at \$10,000.

In a disreputable house in Providence, R. I., Adair Simoni shot and killed Mary Murrigan during a quarrel and then took his own life in the same manner.

Good reports have been received regarding the prospects in Russia for winter wheat and for the sowing of spring crops. A fine harvest is promised in the Caucasus.

Thomas F. Clegg, secretary of the Philadelphia Kingsessing Building & Loan association, is short \$30,000—entire capital and earnings—but says he can't account for the deficit.

Jealousy, Murder and Suicide.

DAYTON, O., April 18.—John E. Geist, a carpenter, aged 37 years, went home from work at noon Saturday, and without previous warning shot his wife Alice, aged 33 years, dead. He then shot himself through the heart. Edith Huffman, the only witness of the tragedy, ran out of the door just before Geist killed his wife. Death was instantaneous in both cases. The cause of the crime is said to be jealousy.

Resigned.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Civil Service Commissioner Thompson has presented his resignation to President Harrison. Mr. Thompson has been elected comptroller of the New York Life Insurance Company, and expects to enter upon the discharge of the duties of that office about May 1.

Clearing Horse Returns.

NEW YORK, April 16.—At the leading clearing houses in the United States the exchanges during the week ended on the 15th aggregated \$1,217,875,697, against \$1,241,290,387 the previous week. The increase as compared with the corresponding week of 1891 was 7.1.

A German Forest Burning.

BERLIN, April 16.—Ten thousand acres of the Finnetrop forest, around Arneberg, famous in history as the headquarters of the terrible secret organization of the Volkmereicht, have been destroyed by fire, and the conflagration continues to spread.

Fatal Flames.

BOSTON, April 18.—In a fire yesterday Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Rubens jumped from the third story and were killed and their son-in-law jumped and was fatally injured.

Amelia Edwards Is Dead.

LONDON, April 16.—The death of Amelia Edwards, the novelist, is announced from Weston-Super-Mare.

WILL PAY THE BILL.

Friendly Relations with Italy on the Point of Restoration.

The Government Voluntarily Offers to Give 125,000 Francs to Families of the Victims of the New Orleans Mob—Italy Satisfied.

AMICABLY SETTLED.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Inquiry in this city confirms the statement coming from Rome that a complete and amicable settlement has been reached in the international difficulties between the United States and Italy, growing out of the New Orleans tragedy. It appears that the government of the United States has voluntarily taken the initiative in closing the breach, and without committing itself to the recognition of any claim for indemnity, but simply as an act of justice and from motives of comity, has placed in the hands of the Marquis Imperiali, the Italian charge d'affaires here, the sum of 125,000 francs, or \$25,000, for distribution among the heirs of the three Italians who were killed at New Orleans and who were found to be subjects of the Italian government. It is understood the money was taken from the annual appropriation of \$200,000 to enable the president to provide for unforeseen emergencies in the diplomatic and consular service, so that it will be unnecessary to call upon congress for a specific appropriation.

By this action on the part of the United States government the disagreeable complications in the relations of the two governments, it is believed, have been removed and within a short time the diplomatic relations between the two countries will be restored to the amicable status existing before the New Orleans tragedy. Minister Porter returning to Rome and a minister from Italy taking up his post at Washington.

LONDON, April 15.—A dispatch received here from Rome says that a series of notes had passed between Mr. Blaine, the American secretary of state, and Marquis Imperiali, Italian charge d'affaires at Washington, resulting in a settlement of the differences between Italy and the United States growing out of the lynching of Italians at New Orleans. According to this dispatch Marquis Imperiali has advised the Italian government that he has received from the United States government the sum of \$25,000 for the families of the victims.

This money, the marquis adds, was accompanied by a note from Secretary Blaine in which he declared that although the wrong was not committed directly by the United States the latter nevertheless feels its solemn duty in the premises. The note adds that Mr. Blaine declares that he feels great pleasure that the nation should pay to Italy a satisfactory indemnity. In consequence of these instructions given to Mr. Blaine by President Harrison, the latter hopes that the arrangement will end the unfortunate incident; that the former good relations between the two countries will be firmly reestablished and that nothing in the future will occur to disturb such relations.

In his note replying to Mr. Blaine's communication a Marquis Imperiali says that Italy has already with pleasure noted the terms in which President Harrison referred to the matter in his message at the opening of congress. The marquis further says that Italy considers the indemnity sufficient without prejudice to any actions at law that may be brought by the aggrieved parties. He also expresses the hope that the payment of the indemnity will result in the happy reestablishment of relations between the two governments.

ROME, April 16.—The newspapers contain editorials on the settlement of the New Orleans difficulty. They are unanimous in expressing satisfaction with the terms offered by the United States government and the acceptance of the same by Italy, and the hope is earnestly expressed that the friendly relations now resumed will never be interrupted in the future.

ROME, April 18.—Baron Fava has received orders to return to his post at the Italian legation in Washington.

Recovers His Money.

NEW YORK, April 16.—The jury in the suit of Col. Edward C. James against Lawyer J. Henry Work to recover \$200,000, alleged to have been illegally lost in financial operations through the firm of Grant & Ward in 1884-5, returned a verdict of \$30,250 in favor of the plaintiff. With the \$20,000 he got to release his claim against Grant & Ward, Col. James thus comes out of the Grant & Ward failure with a little more than the actual cash of \$90,000 he put in and lost.

A Cowardly Assassin.

MADRID, April 18.—While Father Francisco Marti, of Anglesola, Spain, was celebrating Good Friday services an assassin sprang out from behind the altar and killed the priest with a sword. In making his escape the murderer shot and killed a woman and slashed many persons with his sword.

Sentenced to Be Hanged.

LEXINGTON, Va., April 16.—Allen Harrison, the murderer of Bettie Adams, who refused to marry him, has been sentenced to be hanged on Friday, July 1, 1892. A motion for a rehearing was considered by the court and overruled. An appeal will be taken to the supreme court.

Had Over 2,000 Descendants.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., April 15.—Mrs. Annie Roush, who died recently at Letart, near here, aged 100, left over 2,000 descendants. She had 13 children, 73 grandchildren, and over 500 great-grandchildren.

Clarke University Is Burned.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 15.—The main building of Clarke university for colored students near Atlanta was destroyed by fire Thursday night. Loss, \$100,000.

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—Carl Smith, in Harper's Weekly.

Keep you standing." She looked a little dubious. He saw it. "How stupid I am! - Where is your section?"

She smiled up at him and led the way to her seat. He picked up the book and the coat and sat down beside her in their stead.

Of course after this I didn't hear much that they said. I shouldn't have

"Your uncle's?—I?" There was an accent of terror in his voice. She laughed outright.

"Why, what do you suppose would happen to you?"

"I wouldn't have the face—they wouldn't let me see you, anyhow."

"Listen, friend. We are not so young."

"Why do you look so blue?" Clarence—"I've been rejected, Reggy. Proposed to Gussie Bowdler last evening, and by Jove she laughed at me. That girl has a heart of ice." Reginald—"Ah, that explains it. I've often wondered where the quantities of ice cream she used to eat in the summer time went to!"—Grip.

Any one who has watched a lost dog in the street must, or at least ought to, perceive that the animal has only the

and a fact that should surely recom-
mend it in these days, when the as-
sumption of inequality on the part of
the employer and employed is resented
as an insult.—N. Y. Press.

He Could Discount It.
Book Agent—'I've a work here I
would like to show you, sir—"Six
Years in the Desert West" of Africa.

Tommy said to Gus: "I say, Mr. Da Smith, why do you wear such a high collar?"

Gus Da Smith (somewhat embarrassed)--Because it's the fashion.

Tommy--That's what I said, but sister Birdie says you wear a high collar because so you will not have to wash your neck.

Lewis Hardware Co., RHINELANDER.

ACORN STOVES AND RANGES.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF MILL AND LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES IN THE CITY.

A Complete Assortment of Belting, Packing and Lacing. Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Etc.



"I shall be able to wind him round my finger soon," he continued. "You see I have always held myself well in hand. Smiles says: 'It may be of comparatively little consequence how a man is governed from without, whilst everything depends upon how he governs himself from within.' The man who rises is the man who has learned the secret of self-government. Now Edward Battersby would never learn that secret if he were to live a hundred years. He lets himself be swayed by every whim that seizes him. He gratifies every passing desire and runs after everything that attracts his eyes. I have a purpose, Olive, I am treading the road that leads up to it, and I never turn aside from my path for a single instant."

"You are wonderfully strong, Michael—father always said so," cried Olive, speaking straight from her heart. "I should lose all my strength if I did not watch myself," he replied. "You don't know how it weakens a man if he slackens his hold on self just once."

Olive looked at him almost with reverence; his words sounded so good and wise and brave. A few moments before, when she had caught that fleeting expression of triumphant cunning on his face, she had felt a cold little doubt creeping into her mind. But that look was gone, and now she saw the



MICHAEL SPEAKS OF HIS PLANS.

same strong, earnest Michael who had won her father's respect years ago.

"I rule while I seem to be ruled," he said, meeting her gaze with a smile; "and if I succeed in carrying out all my plans, the firm will one day be Battersby & Chase."

She drew a long breath, and there was a child's wonder in her eyes. The idea seemed so stupendous, so grand! "Perhaps you think this is a preposterous notion, Olive. But listen, my dear girl. I am working hard at an invention of my own, and I believe it will soon be perfected. If it is perfected I shall persuade Edward Battersby to give it a trial, and I am firmly convinced that it will answer the purpose for which it is intended."

"What is the purpose, Michael?" she asked, eagerly.

"The saving of labor. If my idea is carried out we shall employ about half as many hands as we do now. We have too many men lumbering about the works and pocketing our profits. What I want to do is to sweep away the dunderheads and keep only those who have intelligence. I happen to know that young Battersby, well off as he is, always wants more money than he has got. Think what we shall gain in the saving of wages! You don't understand business details, my dear child, but you can grasp my meaning."

"Yes, oh, yes," she answered, a bright color coming and going in her cheeks. "Only, Michael, what will become of all the dunderheads?"

"What does it matter what becomes of them?"

He spoke with an irritated air of surprise, and she could scarcely find courage to speak again.

"I think it does matter. I know it must be hard for a clever man to consider the interests of the stupid ones, and yet—"

"I have a good deal of patience, Olive," said her lover, lifting his eyebrows. "I will remind you that if we always had to stop and consider the interests of the stupid ones we should never advance at all. But I won't argue with you! It is always waste of time to argue with a woman. I have got to think and act, my dear, and your part is to trust me and enjoy the fruits of my toil. Most people would say that you had no reason to complain of your lot. Some would go so far as to call you a very lucky girl."

"And they would be quite right, dear," she cried, resting a gentle hand upon his arm. "Don't think that I do not appreciate all your energy and which don't think that I am not grate-

ful for your willingness to work for me. Only—only, I am sure we shall be all the happier if we can honestly tell ourselves that no one is any the worse for our success."

He laughed, a little indulgent laugh. "By and by, when we have reached our goal, we shan't remember the obstacles that we cleared away from our path," he said gayly. "You talk very prettily, Olive; I am pleased to hear you express yourself so well. But later on, when you have plenty of money to spend on dresses and knick-knacks, you won't sing the same song. You will give to charities, of course, and buy things at bazaars, and patronize concerts, and that is all that can be reasonably expected of you."

He did not see her disappointed look. She had turned her face away, and was gazing across the park with grave, sad eyes. She had dreamt of a life that was to be lived with him—a life full of deep meaning and brave effort, a life that was not made up of show and self-seeking. Perhaps she had not counted much on enjoyment; her pleasures had been simple and few, and all her ideas of happiness were centered in him. But she had pictured them as working together, not for themselves only, but for others' welfare also, and in a dim way she had realized that if we want to know what kind of life we are living, we must look for its reflection in the lives around us.

"I suppose I need not caution you," he said after a brief silence; "but it is important that no one should be told anything about my plans. Don't discuss my affairs with your uncle Wake; he is a man with whom I can't sympathize, a man who has wasted his capacities in an absurdly unreasonable way."

"Of course I won't tell him anything," Olive answered; "but I wish you liked him better, Michael, for I already love him."

"Love is a valuable article and ought not to be given away in haste," said Michael with one of his indulgent smiles. "But as you are to live under his roof, it is well that you don't find him unendurable. You will have a feast of books, little woman. Ah, that pleases you!"

She looked up with all the light of youth and joy in her beautiful face.

"It seems," she said, "as if I should never get to the end of all my delights. Are you going to take me home now? Well, Michael, we must go to church this evening."

"To satisfy you, I suppose we must," he replied. "You women seem to think that you can't keep good without going to church."

He was very kind and gracious as they went homeward, and told her the names of the streets, pointing out objects of interest with untiring good nature. The Wakes did not ask where they had been. Samuel Wake's own face brightened when he saw that his niece looked happy. And then came the Sunday dinner, and afterwards a pleasant afternoon spent in a larger sitting-room upstairs; and Olive and Michael turned over piles of books to their hearts' content. The shopkeeper sold second-hand volumes as well as new ones, and Olive liked the old books best of all. She was a little disappointed when Michael said that he never read any poetry nowadays.

"You used to like some of the verses in my 'Christian Year,'" she said regretfully; "I have heard you repeat them."

"Very likely; but I have outlived all the poetry of life. That only comes to us at the beginning of the journey," he answered.

"And at the close," said Uncle Wake.

"Well, I'm not near the close yet," Michael spoke with high good humor. "But Olive may read as many verses as she pleases. I have got to think and work."

"I shall work, too," said Olive, with a quick, bright glance. "I must begin tomorrow."

Michael's brow darkened.

"If I had my will you should not do anything," he cried.

"But you cannot have your will, dear Michael," she answered, gently. "You knew that I was coming here to get work; and Uncle Wake has satisfied himself that my employers are respectable people. Besides, I don't want to be idle."

Michael turned back to the books with a dissatisfied look, and Samuel Wake began to point out the merits of some quaint old engravings. Then came tea and the young pair set out for Westminster Abbey.

A slight rain had fallen, and Michael laughed at Olive's enthusiasm for the showery lights shining everywhere and the thin clouds blown by soft winds across the crowd of housetops and spires. She was silent when they drew near the abbey, and her hand clung closely to his arm. They were late, the

(Continued next week.)

Now Millinery Store.

Mrs. J. G. Dunn has opened a millinery store on the south side on the corner of Mercer and Pelican streets and desires a share of the patronage of Rhinelander ladies.

Notice to Log Owners.

Owners of logs desiring to have them stopped at Rhinelander to be sawed will confer a favor upon the Boom Company by sending a list of their marks to the undersigned, secretary of the company, at as early a day as possible. Give both end and side mark, and probable amount. Also state at what mill they are to be sawed. W. E. Brown, Sec.

Notice to Property Owners.

Each and every owner of a lot, business place, or dwelling in the village of Rhinelander, is hereby notified to at once clean up their yards in premises. All offal, stumps and garbage must be removed to the dumping ground, and any disease breeding from slop piles or cesspools will not be tolerated. If this notice is not complied with the work will be done by town authority and charged to the property.

I. TETTER, Health Officer.
A. W. BROWN, CHAS. WILSON, Board of Health.
JOHN HILBERG, Notice.

The Sugar Camp Improvement Co. will charge the following toll for logs passing through its Lakes and Dams viz:

No. 1 or Dam Lake 2 1/2c per M. ft.
No. 2 or Sand " 2c " "
No. 3 or Stone " 4c " "
No. 4 or Echo " 5c " "
No. 5 or Chain " 6c " "

All toll payable upon reaching the Wisconsin River.

SUGAR CAMP IMPROVEMENT CO.
J. D. DAY, Sec.

RHINELANDER, APR. 16, '92.
APR 21-25 MAY 26

Boom Company Announcement.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Pelican Boom Company held at the company's office in the Village of Rhinelander on April 13, 1892, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the rate of boomage for the season of 1892 be and hereby is fixed at the uniform price of forty cents per thousand feet on all logs sorted, stored and delivered by the Boom Company; provided that the owner of such logs so handled and delivered pays one-half of the scaler's wages while employed on his logs; otherwise the rate of boomage shall be forty-five cents per thousand feet, in which case the Boom Company shall pay all of the wages of such scaler. All logs to be scaled upon the log deck of the mill when the logs are sawed, by a competent scaler to be appointed by and to be under the control of the general manager of the Boom Company.

PELICAN BOOM CO.
APR. 14-21 MAY 19

A Lumbermen's Rendezvous.

This term might be applied to Stevens Point, located on the Wisconsin Central Lines, at the gateway to the vast forest region which extends North to Lake Superior, a distance of 200 miles without a break, on account of its vast lumber interests. The Wisconsin River to which the lumbermen have given the familiar and somewhat affectionate title of "Old Wisconsin," not alone acts as a lumber feeder to the city by furnishing through its numerous tributaries an outlet for thousands of acres of pine in the upper country, but it furnishes a water power that is second only to that of Neenah and Menasha, which cities are also located on the "Central." Millions of feet of lumber are cut every year, giving employment to hundreds of men. In addition to the lumber trade, it has numerous other manufactures; it is here where the large car shops of the Wisconsin Central Lines are located.

For tickets, maps, pamphlets and full information apply to G. F. McNeill, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn., or to Jas. C. Pond, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago, Ill.

Notice.

United States Land Office.
Notice is hereby given that at this office by Nils Lundberg, of Rhinelander, Wis., against John Esberg, for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 3486, dated Feb. 16, 1892, upon the S. W. 1/4 Section 23, Township 22 N., Range 5 East, in Oneida County, Wisconsin, in a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at the office of the clerk of the circuit court, Rhinelander, Wis., on the 4th day of May 1892, at 10 o'clock A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

Testimony will be taken at Rhinelander, Wis., on the 12th day of May, 1892, at 10 o'clock A. M.
E. B. SANDERS, Register.

JAMES G. DUNN'S

City Dray Line.

Will attend promptly to any business in that line.

FRANK A. LAPPEN & Co.

AMERICA'S

Greatest Furnishers

317 1/2 ST. GRAND AVE., MILWAUKEE.

DON'T DELAY

Smart Folks Snap

Such Bargains.

Before we enter into the question of price, remember that we pay the freight to any point within 150 miles of Milwaukee and at the same time sell a better quality of Furniture for less money than any house in the state.

Before quoting you a few prices we will ask you to

Send for a Baby

carriage catalogue. This season we propose to sell the bulk of baby carriages that are used in Wisconsin. But how?—prices do that.

You send for the catalogue. We'll do the rest.

An idea of prices \$5 to \$50.

Chamber Suits.....\$13.50 up
Parlor Suits..... 35.00 up
Hall Trees..... 5.00 up
Chiffaniers..... 9.00 up
Fancy Wood Rockers 1.75 up
Parlor Tables..... 2.25 up
Folding Beds..... 10.00 up

The largest line of carpets in the state together with the lowest prices makes this department very attractive for the money saving public.

DON'T DELAY

Smart Folks Snap

Such Bargains.

FRANK A. LAPPEN & Co.



It makes me tired when I think of W. S. Jewell giving a dollar-and-a-half cook book with a fifty cent can of baking powder.

His is the place to buy groceries. Freshest stock, best assortment.

Opposite Arlington House.

Merchants' State Bank.

CAPITAL, \$500,000.

RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN
General Banking Business Transacted.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Sell exchange on all European countries. Tickets to and from Europe on all steam boat lines.

Real Estate Loan and Insurance.

EXCHANGE.

I have over 300 of the most desirable Residence Lots Rhinelander for sale, ranging in price from \$100 to \$500 each. Also many of the Finest Business Sites. Time given purchasers who intend building. Time given purchasers who intend buying. Sole agent for all property of M. L. S. & W. R'y Co. Brown Brothers, S. H. Alban and others.

LOANS

I can place any amount of money on improved Real Estate at 40 per cent. of its value, on from 1 to 5 years time, netting from 8 to 10 per cent. interest per annum.

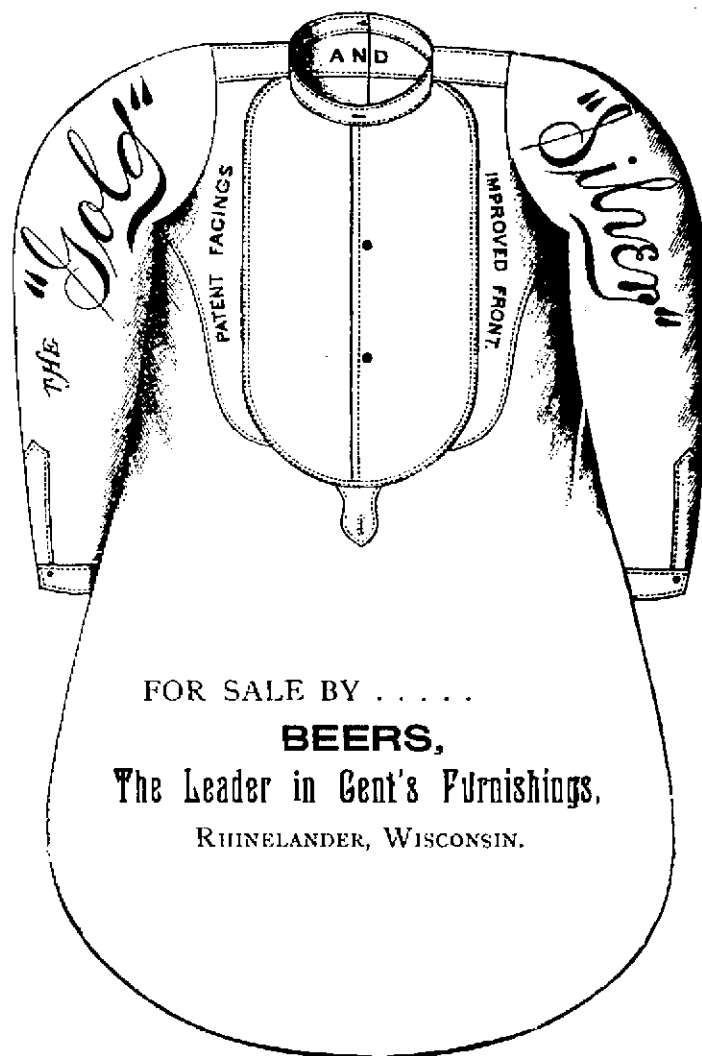
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I represent several of the Heaviest and most liberal and reliable Insurance Companies doing business in the world, and make a specialty of writing Fire Insurance at Equitable Rates.

ABSTRACT

The only Abstracts of Oneida County Lands. Two Complete Sets.

Office on Davenport Street. PAUL BROWNE.



FOR SALE BY.....

BEERS,

The Leader in Gent's Furnishings.

RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN.

E. G. SQUIER

DEALER IN—

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Etc.,

Repairing and Engraving Neatly Done.

Carry a full stock of the best make of watches in the best gold and silver cases at very low prices.

Store in Fausta Block.

Rhinelander, Wisconsin

Central Market, STEVENS ST.

JAS. GLEASON,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

MEATS, PROVISIONS, FISH AND GAME.

Our customers can rely upon securing good fresh meat, fair treatment and as low prices as it can be sold for. We solicit a share of the city trade. Market next to C. O. D. Store. RHINELANDER, WIS.

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Rhinelander, Wis.

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County Treasurer.....	G. H. Clark
County Clerk.....	E. P. Brennan
District Attorney.....	J. W. Merkle
County Judge.....	A. W. Shelton
Register of Deeds.....	J. W. McCormick
Clerk of Court.....	L. S. Johnson
Supl. of Schools.....	L. S. Johnson
Surveyor.....	D. D. Brown
Municipal Judge.....	Paul Browne
Coroner.....	J. Jewell

CHURCHES & SOCIETIES.

Congregational Church.
SERVICES every Sunday at 10:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. and regular service at 8:30 Sabbath school immediately after morning service.

Catholic Church.
SERVICES every Sunday: Mass services at 8:30 A. M. and 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. and regular service at 8:30 P. M. Vespers every alternate Sunday at 7:30 P. M. Rev. FATHER JULY, Pastor.

Methodist Church.
Services every Sunday at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. and regular service at 8:30 P. M. Sabbath school at 11:45 A. M. after morning service. Rev. D. C. SAVAGE, Pastor.

German Lutheran Church.
SERVICES twice a month. Also Sunday school. Rev. J. DEHNING, Pastor.

Baptist Church Calendar.
SUNDAY.
Public Service and Sermon.....11:00 A. M.
Sunday School.....12:00 P. M.
Song and Praise Service.....6:15 P. M.
Public Service and Sermon.....7:30 P. M.
TUESDAY.
Young Peoples' Meeting.....7:30 P. M.
THURSDAY.
General prayer meeting.....7:30 P. M.
All are invited. All are welcome.

JOHN A. LOGAN POST. No. 232. Regular meeting 1st and 3rd Tuesday evenings of each month at hall in Brown's block.
E. H. CROFOOT, Com. L. J. BILLINGS, Adj.

I. O. O. F.
ONEIDA LODGE, No. 48. Regular meeting at hall every Monday evening.
R. P. MORRILL, Sec. F. A. HILDEBRAND, N. G.

DD FELLOWS' CAMP.
PELLEGRIN ENCAMPMENT, No. 18. Meets 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month.
E. L. DIMICK, chief patriarch. R. HASTIAN, scribe.

P. & A. M.
RHINELANDER LODGE, No. 242. Meets first and third Tuesday in every month in the postoffice block.
A. McPhail, Sec. W. W. FRY, W. M.

K. O. F. P.
Flambeau Lodge No. 74. Holds regular meeting Friday nights in open house block.
E. G. SQUIER, K. of R. S. J. R. SQUIER, C. C. Uniformed rank meets every Wednesday night.

S. O. F. V.
W. T. Miles' Camp, No. 95, Wisconsin Division S. O. F. V. Meets at G. A. R. hall on the first and third Tuesday evenings of each month. Visiting brothers always welcome.
W. W. Carr, Capt.

C. K. O. F. W.
Catholic Knights of Wisconsin. Meeting last Sunday of each month at 4 P. M. at Good Templars' hall.
Rev. N. July, Rec. Sec. J. N. KENNAN, Treas.

PROFESSIONAL.

MILLER & McCORMICK,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Collections sharply looked after.
Office over First National Bank.

ALBAN & BARNES,
Attorneys-at-Law,
RHINELANDER, WIS.
Collections promptly attended to.
Town and county orders bought.

A. W. SHELTON
Attorney-at-Law,
Special attention paid to homestead law and contests.
RHINELANDER, WIS.

PAUL BROWNE,
Attorney-at-Law,
RHINELANDER, WIS.
Collections a Specialty.

L. J. BILLINGS,
Attorney & Counselor
RHINELANDER, WIS.

T. B. MCINDOE,
Physician & Surgeon
RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN.
Office in Gray's block.

C. B. MCINDOE, D. D. S.
Dental Parlors,
Bank of Rhinelander Builders.

K. VITH
Physician & Surgeon
Office in Brown's Block.
RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN.

FIRST NATIONAL
Bank of Rhinelander.
Rhinelander, Wisconsin.
DO A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Best Protection for Funds.

Oneida's House.
Thos. C. O'Leary, Prop.
—First-class Hotel in Every Respect—
Headquarters for Commercial Men. First-class Sample Room. \$2.00 per day.

Smoke The Famous Cigar.
Elegant spring jackets at Spafford & Cole's.

B. B. Park, of Stevens Point, was in our city Tuesday.

An elegant line of men's suits at low prices at Spafford & Cole's.

Dr. J. H. McIntosh, of Milwaukee, was in town on business Monday.

The Lake Shore road will sell tickets to St. Paul via Ashland for \$7.05.

A. D. Smith, of Waupaca, transacted business in Rhinelander Tuesday.

If you want a fine fitting spring suit call at Ritzman's. A good fit is guaranteed.

Henry C. Hetzel, Merrill's leading attorney, attended court in Rhinelander this week.

The largest line of spring jackets in town at Spafford & Cole's and at remarkably low prices.

There isn't a vacant house in the city, and people are inquiring every day for a house to rent.

All shades and grades of dress goods at Spafford & Cole's. Do not buy without seeing our stock.

Geo. W. Hasman, a Minnesota dry goods clerk, has accepted a position with Spafford & Cole, in this city.

WANTED.—A competent girl to do general house work. Wages \$5.50 a week. Inquire at Mrs. D. B. Stevens.

Mrs. Chas. Chace returned Tuesday night from an extended visit with friends and relatives in the southern part of the state.

We take a front seat on shoes for men, women and children. Look our stock over before you buy.
SPAFFORD & COLE.

The Ladies Guild of St. Augustine's Mission will meet next Wednesday with Mrs. E. O. Brown at the residence of Mr. Paul Brown from 3 to 5 P. M.

Jenkinson & Son occupy a large space in this issue of the New North informing the public of bargains that can be had by patronizing them. Read it.

The building season has begun and Lewis Hardware Co. are making the prices that count and you should not fail to get their prices before placing your order.

A big dance will take place at the Rhinelander Opera House next Saturday evening, April 30, 1892. O'Donnell, Lavin and Reno, managers. Everybody cordially invited.

Lewis Hardware Co. have just received a car-load of spring goods including builders' hardware and house furnishings of all descriptions. Call and get prices.

At the Congregational church next Sunday the subjects discussed upon will be: Morning, "Reciprocity." Evening, "Some Aspects of the Temperance Question."

Wm. Barker, of Ishpeming, Mich., is at the Rhinelander Hospital this week, being treated by Dr. Daniels for rupture. Mr. Barker is a musician of extraordinary merit, and it is hoped that he will pull through safely.

Beers & Lawson have just completed arrangements to handle carriages and catters for the Milwaukee Carriage Co. They have the agency for this county, and will have a car load of "Piano-Box" Carriages, Phaetons, Delivery Wagons and Road Carts on exhibition this week in the C. O. D. building. The Milwaukee Carriage Co. has a world wide reputation from the Piano-box carriages. Call and see them.

The Republican County Convention met at the court house Tuesday to send delegates to Milwaukee and Merrill. W. L. Beers was elected chairman and C. C. Yawkey, sec'y.

The delegates nominated to go to Milwaukee were H. E. Allen and J. A. Cowan. The delegates to go to Merrill are F. W. McIntyre, C. C. Yawkey and H. C. Morrill. The following county committee was appointed to serve for two years: W. L. Beers, chairman; Dan'l Graham, J. Radcliffe, F. W. McIntyre, W. H. Brown, D. W. McNaughton, C. C. Yawkey, H. C. Morrill, H. E. Allen, J. W. McCormick, S. H. Alban, and Web Brown. The chairman was empowered to add one to the committee from Woodboro. The following resolution was adopted:

RESOLVED, that the Republican party of Oneida county represented in this convention, looking with approval upon the wise, conservative, yet firm and business-like administration given to the country by Benjamin Harrison, do hereby express to and instruct the delegations elected here to-day to the State and Congressional District conventions, that it is the earnest desire of the Republican party in this county, that they use their utmost endeavors to elect delegates to the National convention who will favor and vote for renomination of Benjamin Harrison as the party's candidate for the office of President of the United States. Convention adjourned sine die.

THE PUEBLO INDIANS.
A Tribe That Bears the Impress of An Ancient Civilization.

Few of us, should we ever give it a thought, have more than a vague idea of what exists in New Mexico and Arizona that could ever interest us, and even the California tourist who rides in a Pullman coach over these territories gets no more than a passing glimpse of the quaint and curious things which here exist.

But over any one who will spend a few months in this land of sunshine and soft mountain breezes, there will steal a charm, a buoyant yet restful feeling of body and spirit, and in this mood it is a pleasure to study the quaint and primitive people who for generations untold have lived and died, have waged bitter warfare against invaders, have built their curious homes and villages, tilled the ground and tended their flocks oblivious of the great world lying to the eastward, from which the overlapping waves of immigration were destined to carry a new civilization to their very midst. This people is most perfectly represented to-day by the Pueblo Indians who bear in feature and habits the imprint of a civilization which has left behind no history save a few tangled legends and scattered remains of their handiwork carved in enduring rock or clay.

The Pueblos, as their name indicates, are village Indians or communists. Selecting some commanding point they have constructed their compact little cities of adobe houses and seldom do they wander a day's journey distant. These villages are scattered over the two territories named, and where they are in proximity to white settlements they have imbibed more American habits and improvements than their Mexican neighbors. In feature and dress they are easily distinguishable from the savage tribes. In facial appearance the rough-cut prominent features of the latter are absent, and instead a round, smooth outlined countenance set with a pair of clear, intelligent eyes and an almost ever present smile stamps them at once as the simple, innocent and childlike people they are, always ready to welcome, to their homes those whose friendship is assured, in the most musical of Spanish and with a grace and courtesy that would honor more regal surroundings. The visitor is always given an opportunity to purchase any quantity of pottery or silver ornaments of native manufacture, but if a bargain is struck the purchaser must be provided with silver coin to the amount named or no sale will be made. A \$20 bill has no more charms to a Pueblo than a sheet of writing paper, and of gold they have too indistinct an idea of value to make its use as a circulating medium common. In short they are first, last and always in favor of the free coinage of silver.

Their occupation and modes of living is a pleasant study. Round about their villages or along an adjacent stream may be found their farms, vineyards and orchards while their sheep and cattle feed on the surrounding uplands. They grow considerable crops of wheat and corn and raise bushels of fine fruits, all through the aid of irrigation.

Each village has a governor who directs the labors of his people and settles their differences. He and the local priest are the ruling powers.

In dress the men wear a loose tunic and trousers of white cotton cloth, moccasins, a band of red cloth about the head and a striped woollen blanket, usually of Navajo make, thrown about the shoulders. The women are more picturesquely clad. In addition to a garb of cotton cloth not unlike that worn by the men, they wind about the body in graceful folds a black woollen cloth draped also to form a short skirt. The lower limbs from the knees to the ankles are encased in finely tanned sheep-skin with the wool turned inside, giving them a peculiarly cumbersome walk. All present a far neater appearance than one expects to see in even the highest forms of Indian life, and when you enter their homes your wonder grows to astonishment for here you will see a spotless cleanliness and order that would put to shame many a home whose owners and occupants are proud of their Caucasian origin. If their house has no floor it is swept and brushed so clean that the finest fabric would not suffer by contact. Should there be a floor it is scoured white; all walls are whitewashed, and neatness and order is discernable everywhere. These senses are pleased rather than offended.

They grind their corn and wheat in rude mills and bake their corn bread and tortillas, common to the south-west, in mud ovens. But their culinary art isn't confined to these two articles for queer little pies and cakes of unknown ingredients can be found in their larders and are not of unpleasant taste if one can conquer prejudices.

The greater share of the Indians are Catholics, having through long years of labor by the Franciscan fathers been converted to Christian-

Builder's Hardware at
Bargain Prices at

M. H. GREENLY'S.
Largest Store

ity and the huge adobe churches are central figures in all Pueblo villages.

At Isleta is a church three hundred years old, beneath the floor of which reposes the bones of all its communicants who have died up to within a very few years past. The space became too crowded and the churchyard has of late received the remains of the departed. In this old church are three valuable paintings, dim with great age, yet bearing evidence of the touch of the old masters. These relics are priceless and under no consideration will even temporary removal be permitted.

Strange old people these. When the Spanish first set foot on the soil of New Mexico in 1540 these people occupied their little cities, all apparently as ancient as to-day. Their mysterious rites and worship of fire and sun seemed almost a connecting link with the old, old East. But yet no tangible evidence gives further clue. 'Tis a part of that old civilization which must, at one time, have existed from Colorado southward far into South America.

The Villard expedition under Prof. Bandelier and Chas. F. Lummis, soon to leave for Peru and Bolivia for a three years' exploration, may throw some light on the mysterious origin of these people. Their letters and sketches to the Century will prove one of the most interesting features that magazine has ever produced.
CHAS. F. BARNES.

Ed. Patzer, of Merrill, was a Rhinelander visitor Tuesday.

Gabe Bouck, the prominent Oshkosh attorney, attended court here this week.

The fire alarm called out the department in short order yesterday morning at 7 o'clock. The blaze was located at Crum & Co.'s planing mill, and by hard work on the part of the boys, but little damage was done. The fire originated in the shaving room from a spark and it is fortunate that it was extinguished as quickly as it was.

A Legal Spring Poem.
Whereas on sundry loughs and sprays
Now diverse birds are heard to sing,
And sundry flowers their heads upraise,
Hail to the coming on of spring.
The songs of the wild birds arouse,
The memory of youthful hours:
As young and green as the wild loughs
As fresh and fair as the wild flowers.
Oh! hushless term of Cupid's court
When tender phantoms' actions bring:
Season of frolic and of sport
Hail! as a foreboding coming spring.
—UNKNOWN

Married.
MURPHY-COFFER.—At the Catholic church on the evening of April 19, 1892, Edward P. Murphy and Miss Mary Coffey, both of Rhinelander, Rev. Father July officiating. Their many friends extend congratulations.

REMO-CARR.—At the M. E. church April 18, Mr. John Remo and Miss Lucinda Cairns, both of Rhinelander, Rev. D. C. Savage officiating.

DESERMEAN-GOULETTE.—At the residence of E. B. Ryder, Mr. James Desermean and Miss Georgiana Goulette, both of Rhinelander, Rev. D. C. Savage officiating.

North Side Items.
Marcus Mason, while knot sawing at the Rhinelander Lumber & Shingle Co.'s Mill, unfortunately got too near the saw and cut one finger.

Gus Swansen aged about 50 years living near the Soo crossing, north of the water tank committed suicide Wednesday noon by shooting himself in the mouth with a .38-cal. revolver, dying instantly. Mr. Swansen was a steady worker and Mrs. S. kept boarders which way they made their living, but of late having family troubles which brought his life to an end.

The ice is nearly all out of the Boom lake and half a dozen mills will be running full blast within a week's time.

Last evening occurred the marriage of Mr. Vincent Divers and Miss O'Brien, at the bride's home. Rhinelander will be their permanent home.

The erection of another blacksmith shop is being pushed by Lewis Fonthill on the three corners at Conroy's store. The gentleman will make mill work a specialty.

Wanted.
A competent girl to do housework, at M. H. Greenly's.

Build a Home
when you can get lime in five barrel lots at 75 cents a barrel. Harrigan sell it.

For Sale.
Two seven room houses and one thirteen room house will be sold reasonably. Apply to C. Eay.

RISEING SUN
STOVE POLISH
DO NOT BE DECEIVED
By cheap, inferior, and flimsy goods which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn off.
The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, Durable, and the customer pays for no tin or glass package with every purchase.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED
15 to 25 lbs. per month by harmless, natural, and reliable means. No starvation, no excessive exercise, and no bad effects. Strictly confidential. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: A. W. P. SYDNOR, Medical & Therapeutic Institute, CHICAGO, ILL.
CUT THIS PAPER every time you write.

It Hurts
ing that can be washed or ned—Pearline. The purest up is no safer—the poorest ap is no cheaper. It is more effective than the strongest—t is more convenient than the best. Pearline saves labor and wear in washing clothes. A few cents will let you

JOHNSON & CO.

Have the Largest, Best and Most you use it.

Lumbermen's • Clothing
In the city, which will be sold at prices as low as any dealer's.


RHINELANDER, WIS.

The Price Tells.
The Quality Tells.

J. B. SCHELL,
Merchant Tailor!
Brown Street, Rhinelander.
A Full Line of Foreign and Domestic Cloths always on hand. If you want a first-class perfect-fitting suit call on me.

THE OLD AND RELIABLE FIRM,
CRANE, FENELON & CO.,
Always Have on Hand a Full Line of—
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES.
Call and get prices before buying elsewhere.

Monarch and Montauk Watch Cases
on SAIL at
JENKINSON & Co.'s
JEWELRY STORE.



GET YOUR JOB PRINTING AT
"NORTH" OFFICE

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A Complete



Editor of the
The
Lewi

any tobacco?" he asked of slug twenty, as the bell rang.

"Yes," he continued as he took his place at his case, "I could have been the governor's private secretary if I had wanted the place, but I went back and worked on my paper till—"

Here he stopped. Although he would talk for hours of things that happened to him during his busy days, he never spoke of the circumstances which caused him to go out into the world a tramp.

He worked away for nearly six weeks and we had come to look upon him as a permanent fixture, when one morning his stand was vacant and the word went round that Old Pete was drunk and that his discharge would be forthcoming. Toward night he came around to bid us good-by, looking more pathetic than ever.

"Couldn't stand it any longer," he said, apologetically; "stayed sober longer this time than I had before for ten years. Had to do it, had to do it," he repeated, with a silly laugh, as he passed out to begin again his weary tramp.

Time passed on and Old Pete and his remarkable career were alike forgotten. One morning I was gratified to receive notice of my appointment to a higher position in the establishment which employed me. The duties of my new position later in the season took me to the capital of one of the central western states. The business, while not occupying all my time, required my presence in the city for several days, and I had ample time to view the magic metropolis and admire its splendid streets and residences. My business caused me to form the acquaintance of an elderly gentleman who had been a resident of the city since its early days and who was perfectly familiar with its history and public men.

One afternoon he volunteered to take me for a drive through the beautiful avenues, and as we passed along the shaded drives he pointed out the homes of many prominent citizens and men of state reputation.

"That," he said, indicating an elegant mansion standing some distance back from the street, "is the home of Judge Wilkins. Barbanks used to own that place before he went to pieces."

"Barbanks?" I asked, struggling to recall where I had heard the name.

"Yes, Peter Barbanks, the wealthy and talented journalist who established and published the Herald so long."

I thought of Old Pete. Was it possible the two men were the same?

"What became of him?" I asked.

"Went to the bad entirely. Haven't heard of him for ten years. Why, he could have been governor if he had stayed here."

"Was he raised here?" I inquired, thoroughly interested.

"No, he came here about thirty years ago, when the town was new, and worked as a printer for a year or two. Then he bought a little office and started the Herald. It grew and prospered and made its owner wealthy. He became mixed up over the state and was at one time the confidential friend and adviser of the governor. He achieved his greatest popularity by being sent by the governor to inquire into pending trouble among the miners at Carbonate. So successful was he in his mission that he was urged and finally consented to become a candidate for the legislature."

"What caused his downfall?"

"Oh, it grew out of this very candidacy. After the election, which resulted in his defeat, he made a very bitter attack upon a strong combination that had opposed him, charging fraud and dishonest conduct. The attack was particularly directed toward a man named Wilson, who was a notable man in the state at that time,

and a leader in the faction that had effected Barbanks' defeat. Wilson promptly demanded a retraction. It was refused. A formal challenge to fight a duel followed. Barbanks accepted and the details were arranged. It was a bright July morning when the two enemies with their friends and seconds met at the place selected a few miles south of town. A quiet pasture was the scene of the tragic drama, and just at sunrise the two men faced each other. The word was given and two shots rang out. Wilson fell and when the frightened men gathered around him he was dead.

"Barbanks was prosecuted and sentenced to a year in the penitentiary. He served his time and returned, but never took any further interest in his business nor profession. He commenced drinking heavily and after about a year of dissipation and illness disappeared altogether. His wife sold the remnant of his property and returned to her former home in the east. Peter Barbanks has not been heard of for ten years and no one knows whether he is living or dead."

I had a story to tell next, and as we compared incidents and found that Peter Barbanks, the editor, and old Pete, the tramp, were identical, I resolved never again to discredit the story of a man's life, no matter how vastly it exceeded the lurid imagination of the most ardent romancers.—Raymond Rederick, in Western Rural.

AN AMBASSADOR FOR THE GOVERNOR.

Old Pete was drunk and that his discharge would be forthcoming. Toward night he came around to bid us good-by, looking more pathetic than ever.

Time passed on and Old Pete and his remarkable career were alike forgotten. One morning I was gratified to receive notice of my appointment to a higher position in the establishment which employed me. The duties of my new position later in the season took me to the capital of one of the central western states. The business, while not occupying all my time, required my presence in the city for several days, and I had ample time to view the magic metropolis and admire its splendid streets and residences. My business caused me to form the acquaintance of an elderly gentleman who had been a resident of the city since its early days and who was perfectly familiar with its history and public men.

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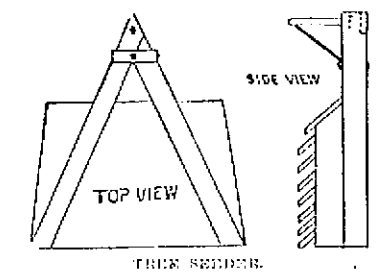
"Went to the bad entirely. Haven't heard of him for ten years. Why, he could have been governor if he had stayed here."

THE FARMING WORLD.

FOR PLANTING SEEDS.

A Convenient Tool Which Can Be Constructed at Home.

Here is a convenient and cheap tool I made and used two seasons for planting tree and other seeds. It is simply a small clod masher 3 feet wide by 2½ feet long. The scantlings to which the boards are to be nailed instead of being parallel protrude more than a foot in front and these ends are framed together by each end being sawed down half and a V made. A hole is bored and the standard of a cultivator tooth put through. This will hold the scantlings together. The brace of the tooth is bolted to a small crosspiece. The standard should be quite long, say 12 inches. A small piece of board 6 to 8 inches wide is fastened perpendicularly behind the standard to keep the furrow open. The sketch, showing a side and top view, will help you keep the idea. A plow



TOP VIEW. SIDE VIEW.

clevis is put on the front end either direct on the lapped point of the two scantlings or by means of a separate piece 2 by 4 inches bolted to the frame. By this a span of horses that can be driven in a straight line can be hitched to it. A boy seated on the clod masher can drop the seed pretty fast for a thick row through the open space behind the tooth and in front of the clod masher boards into the open furrow. In loose soil the clod masher almost or quite fills the furrow. Where soil is more compact two little boards or pieces of iron will have to be fastened under the clod masher or just preceding it to fill the furrow. After the rows are measured off a man and boy can plant better than is possible by hand as fast as the team can walk. Such seeds as defy self-dropping machines, as catnip, alfalfa, borage, etc., can be planted without trouble, and as any seed from the smallest kinds to big potatoes—Radap's Starch, in Farm and Home.

WHEN TO WATER HORSES.

The Result of Some Experiments Tried by Prof. Sanborn.

The general opinion held by prominent horsemen and practical farmers, is that the effects of watering horses after eating are not beneficial, because the water washes the grain from the stomach into the intestines, where it sets up an injurious fermentation. This has been a pretty generally accepted fact and what experiments have been made, by killing old horses immediately after eating and then watering have tended to confirm it. Prof. J. W. Sanborn, of the Utah experiment station, has tried some experiments in this line, which led him to reject this long-cherished idea. He reasons that water does not, or cannot, pass through the stomach as a stream, but filters through the food within the stomach and can carry with it only matters already soluble. Therefore digestion may not be adversely affected.

Again, the digestive agents of the intestines will work upon all matters escaping undigested from the stomach and no harm is caused if some of the feed should be washed through. Prof. Sanborn states the idea that where horses eat hay and then grain, and are then watered, the grain is not as liable to be washed through as where no hay is eaten first. He would have this hay serve as a filter the same as straw in a cider filter.

His first experiments in this line were conducted in the winter, and the effect of watering before and after eating, he took from the weight and condition of the horses. A second trial extended not over a period of six months and the results were obtained in the same way. The summary of his results shows that horses watered before feeding gained more weight than those watered after feeding. Horses watered before feeding had the better appetite and ate more. As far as can be determined there was no difference in the thoroughness with which the grain was digested when fed to either lot of horses. He recommends to water both before and after feeding.—N. E. Homestead.

ORIGINALS ARE SENT.

Rather early laid at a small cost. They distribute the manure over the surface and tread it into the soil with their feet.

Taz turkey hen is the best living incubator. She will hatch out and care for twice as many chickens as a hen chicken, and can be made to bring off two broods by giving the first brood to foster mothers.

Manure for hot-beds should be fresh, free of litter, well trampled in the hot-bed and the heat regulated by admitting air and sprinkling with water, as the manure may generate more heat on warm days than may be desired.

A new strawberry that can be picked clear of the "hull" when harvested has been introduced. Its large and has the appearance of a raspberry. It is not a good shipper, but an excellent variety for a family garden.

Do not remove the mulch from the strawberry plants too early. Keep the ground cold, as the sudden thawing of early spring may cause the plants to be uprooted. The mulch protects more against the effects of warmth than against cold.

It is often the case with a flock of hens that a few of them lay while the others produce nothing. It will pay to select the layers and get rid of the unprofitable hens. It does not pay to permit two or three prolific hens to support a dozen that are idle.

JUDICIOUS FEEDING.

It Is Absolutely Indispensable to Success in Rearing Pigs.

The digestive apparatus of the pig has been a subject of much comment. The stomach is small, its weight being about 1½ per cent. of the entire weight of the carcass, while the intestines are of great length, equal to thirteen times that of the body, and weigh 6½ per cent. of the whole animal. The difference will appear more conspicuously when compared as follows:

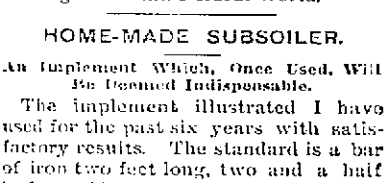
	Stomach, per cent.	Intestines, per cent.
Of the ox	1.0	2.0
Of the sheep	1.0	2.0
Of the pig	1.5	6.5

Prof. F. W. Stewart says: The differences have an important relation to the feeding and nutrition of the animal. The pig, having so small a stomach, necessarily lives upon concentrated food, taken in frequent meals. Having so extensive an intestinal canal, its digestive functions are very active, and a large quantity of food can be disposed of. This peculiarity of its physiology has also an effect upon its habits, and this, in turn, explains to a large extent its peculiar disposition. When feeding at large it is continually seeking food which, passing through its small stomach, is rapidly digested, almost as it is eaten, while when kept in confinement it gorges itself to fullness, and then sleeps while its food is being digested, and as the digestion is rapid, the appetite is quickly excited again, and the empty stomach calls for more food. Thus with frequent eating and active digestion, and resting meanwhile, the pig is able to take on more flesh and make more fat than any other animal during the usual fattening process and when in growth it makes more proportionate weight. But this peculiarity tends greatly to disease, and thus the pig is most frequently injured by overfeeding, and its intestines are most subject to inflammatory disorders. It consequently suffers more than any other animal from intestinal and pulmonary fevers, of which the two forms of the so-called cholera are the prevailing types. Its appetite is also unduly excited by the greater demands of the digestive apparatus upon the supplying organ, the stomach, and hence its excessive greediness is to be restrained by judicious feeding.—Columbia's Rural World.

HOME-MADE SUBSOILER.

An Implement Which, Once Used, Will Be Found Indispensable.

The implement illustrated I have used for the past six years with satisfactory results. The standard is a bar of iron two feet long, two and a half inches wide and about half an inch thick, hammered to an edge at the lower end, and then drawn to a flattened point, so as to admit a half-inch rivet to go through near the point, then up through a steel plate (mold board) about half an inch thick, and riveted down. The steel plate is made sharp in front and somewhat pointed, in shape and width about like a man's two hands when placed upon the table with the palms down and thumbs out of sight, showing a little of each wrist. A morise in the beam admits the standard, and another an iron rod for



HOME-MADE SUBSOILER.

brace. The beam is about five and one-half feet long with a wooden roller in front to gauge the depth. One strong horse will draw this tool in the furrow made by an ordinary plow, and stir up the soil three or four inches below the line of the surface plowing. I use it between the rows of strawberries, after picking, with two horses, going as deep as they can draw it, and afterwards I cultivate with a light cultivator. I also use it with excellent success where rows of potatoes, celery, raspberries or young trees are to be planted, going back and forth a few times in the same furrow.—W. J. Noble, in American Gardener.

FUMIGATING FOR LICE.

How to Rid a Poultry House of All Kinds of Vermin.

Sulphur destroys everything that contains life. No living creature can exist in the presence of the sulphurous acid gas if in a closed room. It is useless to fumigate, however, unless all the cracks in the poultry house are closed, and the fumes of the sulphur are confined. The gas is much heavier than the air, and though it rises when warm, finally sinks, and penetrates into every hole in the floor; hence, there is no escape for lice or rats. Vermin live during the winter by seeking the places that protect them; hence, when attempting to rid a house of lice the fact must be kept in view that something must be done to reach those parts not on the surface of the walls. To fumigate a house, melt some sulphur and draw a lamp-wick through the melted sulphur (first saturating the wick with coal oil). This light the wick, and the sulphur will burn. The reason sulphur ceases to burn is that it melts and smolders the flame. A better plan is to sprinkle half a pound of sulphur on red-hot sheet-iron (supported on bricks), with an oil lamp under the iron; but one must get outside quickly, or the result may be fatal. The large lice may be destroyed by greasing the heads and necks of the hens with mutton lard.—Farm and Fireside.

Insect Depredations.

During the coming season quite a revolution can be made in preventing insect depredations by combined effort on the part of farmers and fruit growers. If the soil be kept clean, and a rule be adopted that all stable, litter in the fence corners, stalls and other refuse, that serve as harboring places for insects, be burnt and returned to the soil as ashes, there will be millions of insects and their eggs destroyed.

FIRE-SIDE FRAGMENTS.

—Cookies.—Two cups of sugar, two eggs, two-thirds of a cup of sour milk, one cup of butter, one teaspoonful of soda, flavor with nutmeg; add flour enough to roll out, and bake in a quick oven.—Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

—To Get Rid of Fleas.—Place the common adhesive fly paper on the floors of the rooms infested, with a small piece of fresh meat in the center of each sheet. The fleas will jump toward the meat and adhere to the paper.—Mechanical News.

—Orange Puff.—Take the rule given for orange jelly. When the liquid begins to thicken, add the beaten whites of three eggs. Stir thoroughly, and place in one large mold, or in little individual cups. It will turn out in shape. Serve with cream.—Good Housekeeping.

—A bottle of turpentine should be kept in every house, for its uses are numerous. A few drops sprinkled where cock-roaches congregate will exterminate them at once; also, ants, red or black. Moths will die from the odor of it. Besides, it is an excellent application for a burn or a cut. It will take ink stains out of muslin, when added to soap; and will help to whiten clothes if added to them when boiling.

—Curried Fish.—Cook one tablespoonful of onion, cut very fine, in one tablespoonful of butter for five minutes, taking very great care that it does not burn. Mix one tablespoonful of curry powder with one tablespoonful of flour and stir into the melted butter. Add, gradually, half a pint of cream, stirring constantly. Then add a large cupful of any kind of previously boiled fish; let it simmer a few minutes and serve very hot.—Detroit Free Press.

—Polish for Floors.—During spring cleaning the following, taken from Decorator and Furnisher, may prove useful for polishing wax floors: Boil in water six and one-quarter pounds yellow beeswax, rasped, and three pounds pearl-ash; stir well, and when effervescence ceases add three pounds dry yellow ochre; then pour into a tin. For use add two and one-quarter quarts boiling water; stir well, and apply while hot; afterward polish with a large brush and wipe with a coarse woolen cloth. Adapt quantity to floor size.

—Powl and Rice Croquettes.—Put one-half pound rice into one quart of stock and boil gently for about half an hour, then add three tablespoonfuls of butter and let it simmer till quite dry and soft. When cold make into balls, hollow out the inside and fill with minced fowl (which should be rather thick, if too much gravy has been added it will spoil the croquettes.) Cover over the top with rice, dip the balls into a beaten egg, sprinkle them with bread crumbs, and fry to a nice brown. Serve very hot and garnish with fried parsley.—Housekeeper.

—Orange Marmalade.—Take oranges (the four ones are best), and sugar in any quantity so that their weight is equal. From one-fourth of the oranges grate the rind. Cut the fruit in halves across the "grain" and scoop out all the pulp and juice, removing seeds and fiber. Drain off what juice is liberated and put it, together with the sugar, to boil. Let boil for about fifteen minutes, skimming all the time, after which time put in the pulp, add the grated rind, boil for fifteen minutes longer, and put away in marmalade pots or jelly glasses. This is excellent.—Detroit Free Press.

A GERMAN FARM-HOUSE.

Animals and Their Masters Live in Happy Contiguity.

Lenzing was the name of the place where we sought refuge, made up entirely of the farm belonging to a prosperous peasant. He welcomed us when we had dragged our boats beyond the reach of the savage waves, and took us into his big dwelling-room, which was like a baronial hall. There was a space for fifty people to sit and feast or have a romp. Substantial rafters made the ceiling; the tables and benches were of wood well scrubbed. He offered us beer, and then his wife gave us bowls of milk fresh from the cow and strong country bread, all the while entertaining us as invited guests. While the storm raged we inspected the premises with great interest, for one roof covered dwelling-house for cows and horses as well as family and servants. The ante-room outside of the main dwelling "hall" opened on one side of the kitchen, above the bedrooms, on the right to our "hall," and on the left to the stables. But let us hasten to add that cows and horses were cleanliness itself, that every part of their quarters indicated scrupulous neatness, from the round little windows to the extreme recesses of the vaulted ceiling. The roof was supported by stone columns that would have graced a monastery. Their eating and drinking troughs were of stone; their wants were ministered to by two or three dainty and graceful maidens as ever figured in a pastoral, and such was the behavior of these animals that no well-regulated housekeeper could have objected to them as fellow lodgers. The veranda that passed the dining hall continued past the stables, wherein were about a dozen horses and twice as many cows. The manure was shoveled across this walk and stacked up immediately near it, and yet this veranda was the agreeable gathering place of a warm evening. As we chatted, two colts, a few weeks old, walked up and about us, nibbled at our trousers and fingers, rubbed their noses affectionately against each of us in turn, and played with the big watch dog as happily as if all three were pups in the same litter. With such evidence of kind treatment it is a wonder that their live stock is gentle and willing.

We asked our host if he found no ill-effects from so much manure beneath his window, and he assured us that he considered it wholesome. He certainly appeared healthy, and his household was well-radiant with prosperity and good spirits, generous with his substance, a good illustration of the Straining peasant as described by the learned professor half a century ago. He would receive nothing himself for our entertainment, but finally accepted a contribution for the post.—Poultney Bigelow, in Harper's Magazine.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; no cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular, free.

J. C. CATTER & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

In the spring the young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of love.—Blindfold Gazette.

Avoid March Winds.

Go South via Louisville & Nashville R. R. to Knoxville, Tenn., or the Gulf Coast. The Old Reliable has no superior for speed, comfort and safety. See your nearest Coupon Agent, or write C. P. Atmore, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Louisville, Ky.

The trains of thought of some people are the slowest kinds of freights.—Hochester Post.



Doesn't "look" as she ought.

—the weak, nervous and ailing woman. As long as she suffers from the aches, pains, and derangements peculiar to her sex, she can't expect to.

But there's only herself to blame. With Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, she's a different woman. And it's a change that can be seen as well as felt. The system is invigorated, the blood enriched, digestion improved, melancholy and nervousness dispelled.

With the "Favorite Prescription," all the proper functions are restored to healthy action. Periodical pains, weak back, bearing-down sensations, nervous prostration, all "female complaints" are cured by it. It's the only medicine for woman's weaknesses and ailments that's guaranteed to do what is claimed for it. If it doesn't give satisfaction, in every case for which it's recommended, the money is returned.

Can something else offered by the dealer, though it may pay him better, be "just as good"?

"August Flower"

"I have been afflicted with biliousness and constipation for fifteen years and first one and then another preparation was suggested to me and tried, but to no purpose. A friend recommended August Flower and words cannot describe the admiration in which I hold it. It has given me a new lease of life, which before was a burden. Its good qualities and wonderful merits should be made known to everyone suffering with dyspepsia and biliousness." JESSE BARKER, Printer, Humboldt, Kas.

BUNTING

When you buy Flags you want the best. Government Standard is the best; the largest flag dealers in the U. S. are G. W. SIMMONS & CO., Oak Hall, Boston, Mass. Dealers in Military Uniforms. Write for a Flag Catalogue.

FLAGS.

YOUNG MOTHERS!

We offer you a remedy which insures safety to life of Mother and Child.

"MOTHER'S FRIEND"

Rich Confinement of its Pain, Horror and Risk.

After using one bottle of "Mother's Friend," I suffered no labor pains, and did not experience that sickness after birth which is so common.—Mrs. ANNE OGLE, Lamar, Mo., Jan. 15th, 1894.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price \$2.00 per bottle. Book to Mothers mailed free.

DR. H. L. HAZELTON CO.,

ATLANTA, GA.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

\$50.00

A WEEK

WANTED MEN TO TRAVEL. We pay \$50 to \$100 a month and expenses. STONE & WELLINGTON, Madison, Wis. ap-31-93 THE PAPER every day you want.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Electric Leakage Did the Mischief.
James Adams, father of the boy Arthur Adams, who was run over and killed by a street-car in Eau Claire last summer, has sued the Street Railway, Light and Power Company for \$5,000. The peculiarity of the case is that it is claimed the electric leakage had charged the rails to such an extent that the horse upon which the boy was riding was shocked, and that this caused the accident, the boy being thrown upon the track in front of a car.

A Heavy Fire Loss.
The Manitowish Manufacturing Company's plant was consumed by fire. This institution was the life and energy of the city and the loss will be severely felt. The business of the works was that of manufacturing opera chairs, church and school furniture. The loss was fully \$200,000; insurance, \$20,000. Over 225 hands were thrown out of employment and fully 150 of this number have families to support.

Unlucky in Barroom Fights.
As a result of election a row started in the saloon of A. Wilde at Montello. When the police cleared the room Wilde was found behind his bar with his head cut in several places. The stabbing was said to have been done by Albert Kretz, a quarryman, who was in jail. During the year Wilde has been in Montello he has been shot at three times, and been pounded on the head and is now laid up.

May Be Called in May.
A special session of the legislature will probably be called by Gov. Peck for Wednesday, May 11, although the exact date has not been decided upon. The governor will include no other business in his call except the enactment of an apportionment act, and it is believed that all preliminary work for this will be done before the session meets.

He Was Sensitive.
Henry Schumann attempted to subside at Marshfield by cutting his throat from ear to ear with his son-in-law's razor. He went to the house of his daughter, Mrs. George Feltner, where he resided, drunk and was chided by her. He repaired to his room and did the act.

The News Condensed.
Governor Peck has issued a proclamation naming April 29 as Arbor day. Wheat is reported in good condition in 29 percent of the counties of Wisconsin and poor in 49 per cent.

Thomas Hoag, while felling timber on his homestead near Washburn, was struck by a falling tree and received fatal injuries.

The City hotel was burned at Kibbourn City. Loss, \$3,000. This hotel was the principal one at the "Dell," and known to many summer resorters.

The logging season is over in the Merrill section, the total cut amounting to about 475,000,000 feet on the Wisconsin.

A valuable lot has been leased in Baldwin upon which to build another brick bank building for Mr. Carr, of Sioux Falls, S. D.

The second trial at Green Bay of Mathias Van Delanen for the murder of Charles Vieu resulted in a verdict of not guilty.

James S. Baker, aged 77 years, died at Green Bay. He served for two years as state bank controller and for many years he had an abstract office here.

The brick factory owned by Hutchins & Harvey, located at Aztalan, was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$3,000; insurance, \$3,000. It was the largest factory of the kind in the state.

The school for the blind at Janesville was badly damaged by a wind storm. The roof of the main building was torn off. The loss will reach \$300.

The official call for the state convention of the union labor party has been issued by Chairman Robert Schilling. The convention is to be held in Milwaukee May 21.

A. J. Blazir, a brakeman, was killed while coupling cars at Marshfield.

Mrs. Charles Shirley, of Ashland, has fallen heir to a quarter interest in a \$1,500,000 estate in New York city.

Capt. Charles King, the story writer, of Milwaukee, has been engaged as commandant of the Michigan military academy at Orchard Lake.

Mrs. Spear, of Chicago, who was undergoing treatment at the Penoyer sanitarium at Kenosha, committed suicide by suffocation from gas.

While Walter Preston, son of Samuel Preston, of Green Bay, was duck hunting his boat was caught in a squall and capsized, and he was drowned.

The Black River house, one of the old landmarks of Black River Falls, owned by Mrs. Fred Gehlert, caught fire from a defective flue and was partially destroyed. No insurance.

Arial Barnes, a resident of Hebron for thirty-seven years and the oldest representative of five living generations, died at the age of 99 years.

Frank H. Briggs, found guilty of burglary in the circuit court at Green Bay, was sentenced to one year imprisonment in the state prison at Waupun.

Harry Hayes, proprietor of the Goodwin house at Beloit, pleaded guilty to selling liquor and was fined \$50 and costs.

Blowood Addison, aged 21, son of William Addison, of Addison's back line, committed suicide in Hudson with landmines. It was caused by a disappointment in a love affair.

Frank Kane, of Durand, a member of D. McMahon's diving crew on the north fork of the Eau Claire, was drowned at a point about 15 miles north of Thorpe.

By a premature explosion of powder at the lime kiln of Henry Straw at La Crosse, Albert Erickson and Sever Knudsen were seriously, if not fatally, injured.

Fred Ganeng, a logger, arrived in Eau Claire from the woods with \$1,200. He deposited all except about \$100, and at 10 o'clock at night started for home. When passing under an overhead railroad bridge he was held up and all he had with him was taken by footpads.

GYPSY QUEEN BURIED.

Romany Ceremonies Over the Remains of Annie Young at Elizabeth, N. J.
ELIZABETH, N. J., April 18.—Annie Young, the gypsy queen, was buried in Mount Olive cemetery, in this city. The remains were first taken to St. Mary's church, where high mass was celebrated, Fathers O'Neil and Carroll officiating. The body was placed in a heavy copper casket and borne to the grave by the chiefs of different tribes, where the usual Romany burial ceremonies were held. There were sixty representatives from tribes throughout the country. The gypsy queen in life had been marked for her beauty. She was but 23 years old and was the daughter of Joseph Levee, a wealthy gypsy.

DEFENSE OF BEHRING SEA.

Uncle Sam Will Have a Strong Fleet on the Sealing Grounds by May 1.
WASHINGTON, April 18.—The government is moving in the Behring sea matter with considerable rapidity, and by May 1 a formidable fleet of vessels will be on the outskirts of Behring interests therein. The four revenue cutters Bush, Bear, Corwin and Albatross are now on their way north or are preparing at San Francisco to go. The men of war Adams and Mohican are in northern waters while the Baltimore and Yorktown have been ordered to the Columbia river.

ROBBED AND MURDERED.

Paymaster and Mail Carrier Robbed in Southern Florida.
COALA, Fla., April 16.—A dispatch from Hernando, Citrus county, states that Robert Stevenson, paymaster of the Empire State Phosphate Company, and Dr. Payne, the mail carrier, were murdered near there Friday night and robbed. Stevenson left here in the afternoon with the mail carrier, with a large amount of money to pay off the employees of the company with. Eighteen hundred dollars is believed to have been stolen. There is no clew as yet to the murderers.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Standing of the Clubs at the Close of the First Week's Play.
The following table shows the standing of the National league clubs at the close of the first week of the season:

Club	Won	Lost	Per cent.
Boston	7	0	1.000
New York	6	1	.857
Pittsburgh	5	2	.714
Chicago	4	3	.571
Brooklyn	4	3	.571
Cincinnati	4	3	.571
Philadelphia	3	4	.429
St. Louis	3	4	.429
Cleveland	3	4	.429
San Francisco	2	5	.286
Baltimore	2	5	.286
Washington	0	7	.000

Government Paper Mill Burned.

DALTON, Mass., April 16.—The paper mill of Z. & W. M. Crane at Colville, known as the government mill, where all United States bank and treasury note paper has been made for thirteen years, was burned to the ground at midnight Thursday night. The blaze was discovered in the rag room by the night watchman, and was probably caused by spontaneous combustion. Help was summoned from Pittsfield, but it was of no avail. The loss will be \$125,000; insurance, \$75,000.

Death of a Noted Lawyer.

CHICAGO, April 18.—John Lyle King, for thirty-six years a resident of Chicago and one of the most prominent lawyers in the west, died Saturday at the residence of Mrs. E. L. Hall of 230 Wells street, at whose house he had lived for a number of years. He was 67 years of age. He was a member of the Indiana legislature in 1892, and in 1890 was city attorney of Chicago.

Finds the Stolen Property.

GREEN BAY, Wis., April 18.—The McCarty Exchange bank announces that the books and papers, valued at \$75,000, which were stolen from the vault on the night of September 29, 1891, have been recovered. The bank officials, however, refuse to reveal how the valuables were recovered, as they hope, with the information at hand, to be able to capture the robbers.

Saloonkeepers Totalitate.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 18.—The saloonkeepers in this city yesterday stopped all the street cars and compelled the closing of all places of business. This was done in retaliation for the closing up of saloons by the newly-elected mayor, who, although an anti-prohibitionist, declares that he will observe his oath of office.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 18.			
LIVE STOCK—Cattle	57.75	62.40	40
Sheep	1.00	62.40	125
Hogs	4.00	62.40	28
FLORIDA—Oranges	3.00	62.40	30
MINNESOTA—Patents	1.00	62.40	10
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1.00	62.40	10
COIN—Gold	100.00	62.40	10
OATS—Mixed Western	31.00	62.40	37
RYE—Western	37.00	62.40	53
BARLEY—Mixed	11.00	62.40	12
LARD—Western Steam	6.00	62.40	55
BUTTER—Western Creamery	16.00	62.40	21
CHICAGO.			
BEEVES—Shipping Steers	13.00	62.40	40
Cows	1.00	62.40	25
Stockers	1.00	62.40	25
Hogs	3.00	62.40	25
Pigs	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Steers	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Hogs	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Pigs	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Cows	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Sheep	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Goats	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Rabbits	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Ducks	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Geese	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Turkeys	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Chickens	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Eggs	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Butter	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Lard	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Flour	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Corn	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Oats	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Rye	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Barley	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Malt	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Hops	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Spices	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Herbs	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Fruits	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Vegetables	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Nuts	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Seeds	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Grains	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Legumes	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Pulses	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Beans	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Peas	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Lentils	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Soybeans	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Sunflower	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Cottonseed	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Rapeseed	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Flaxseed	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Linseed	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Castor	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Olive	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Almond	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Peach	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Apple	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Pear	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Cherry	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Plum	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Grape	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Strawberry	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Raspberry	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Blackberry	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Elderberry	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Mulberry	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Fig	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Date	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Coconut	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Pineapple	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Watermelon	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Cantaloupe	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Honeydew	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Muskmelon	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Pumpkin	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Squash	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Turnip	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Rutabaga	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Beets	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Carrots	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Parsnips	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Potatoes	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Onions	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Garlic	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Shallots	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Leeks	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Asparagus	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Broccoli	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Cauliflower	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Brussels Sprouts	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Green Beans	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Kidney Beans	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Lima Beans	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Navy Beans	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Pinto Beans	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Black Beans	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Red Beans	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's White Beans	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Green Peas	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Yellow Peas	3.00	62.40	25
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Butcher's Green Mung Beans	3.00	62.40	25
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Butcher's Red Adzuki Beans	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's White Adzuki Beans	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Green Mottos	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Yellow Mottos	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Marbled Mottos	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Black Mottos	3.00	62.40	25
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Butcher's Black Soybeans	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's Red Soybeans	3.00	62.40	25
Butcher's White Soybeans	3.00	62.40	25

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

—Conch shells, when ground, enter into the manufacture of porcelain. The rose-colored pearls of the pink conch are very valuable and have a beautiful way sheen like that of watered silk.
—The record of the immense wheat crop in the Dakotas last year is incomplete yet. Because the elevators were full to the roofs, and not enough cars could be had to carry the grain out of the state, thousands of bushels of wheat were piled up in the streets of several North Dakota towns during the winter.
—The metallurgical works in France in 1889 produced the following amounts of the various metals: Pig iron, 1,731,000 tons; zinc, 17,982 tons; lead, 5,372 tons; copper, 1,622 tons; nickel, 330 tons; antimony, 316 tons; gold, 400 kilos; silver, 89,943 kilos; aluminum, 14,810 kilos.
—In a recent work on the bee, Mr. T. W. Cowan states that the insect can draw twenty times its own weight, can fly more than four miles an hour, and will seek food at a distance of four miles. By a beautiful mechanical adaptation its wings bear it forward or backward, with upward, downward or suddenly arrested course.
—It is said that a large milk company is to be formed in Denmark for the purpose of giving the consumer a purer milk than hitherto, and they describe a plan of running all their milk through a series of sponge before delivery. The result, they tell us, out of 4,000,000 gallons of milk run through, they obtain five tons of filth, no doubt the result of unclean milking.
—It is proposed to cast glass, not necessarily transparent, into large blocks for buildings. This material is practically indestructible, perfectly non-absorbent, and therefore damp-proof in a manner which few bricks are, and in this way coarse glass of this kind could be made nearly as cheap as concrete, stone or baked clay.

—The construction of the world's longest railroad is progressing rapidly along the river valleys and across the steppes of Siberia. The western extremity of the road is the mining town of Miask, on the eastern side of the Ural range, and its eastern terminus is Vladivostok, on the Sea of Japan, making a total length of 4,785 miles, which is nearly twice the length of the Canadian Pacific. It will cost \$133,350,000.
—Two little islands furnish four-fifths of the cloves consumed by the world. The islands are Zanzibar and Pemba, and a little while ago Arabs found it very profitable to bring slaves from the African lake region to the coast and smuggle them in the night over to Pemba to work on the clove plantations. These farms were very remunerative once, but the market has been overstocked and the price has fallen so low that the clove raisers have decided to diversify their crops.

—Though Brazil now produces few diamonds and little gold, it is declared to have a measureless wealth in

WALL PAPERS.

J. J. REARDON & CO. has on exhibition for the season of '92 as fine a line of papers as can be shown in America's PAPERS

from 20 cents to \$1.00 per double roll. We make a Specialty of Ingrain. Samples sent to outside parties on application.

SPAFFORD & COLE!

DRY GOODS

THE LARGEST STOCK IN TOWN.

Our Immense Store is Crowded with Bargains in Dry Goods and Holiday Stuff.

The Finest Line of SHOES ever brought to Rhinelander, can be seen at their store. Call and look them over.

SPAFFORD & COLE.

E. RITZMAN, TAILOR,

Removed to the Building formerly occupied by Wolcott, the photographer—two doors North of Irvin Gray's new store.

New Spring Suitings—The Latest.

Goods to suit everybody. Come and inspect the finest Assortment of Foreign and Domestic Suitings to be found in the city. Remember the Place.

Brown St.—2 doors North of Gray's.

F. C. HENRICI, MERCHANT TAILOR.

Best Fitting Suits and the Best Goods for the Lowest Prices, that can be found in Rhinelander. All Work Warranted. Shop opposite the Giant Sleigh Manufacturing Co.'s Factory, Rhinelander, Wis.

Rhineland Hospital.

A FIRST-CLASS INSTITUTION

For \$6.00 your doctor's bill, nursing and board is paid, and a home provided you in case of sickness or injury. During the period of one year. No man without a home can afford to be without a ticket on this hospital. We will take pleasure in showing you through the hospital at any time.

McINDOE & DANIELS, Resident Surgeons.

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WISCONSIN.

Harness!

J. H. Schroeder,

BROWN STREET,

Rhineland, - Wis.

Light and Heavy Harness,

And all Goods in my Line. Repairing done promptly and in a satisfactory manner. Orders from Lumbermen given special attention.

LOCAL TIME TABLES.

MILWAUKEE, LAKE SHORE & WESTERN, NORTH BOUND.
No. 1—Limited.....4:15 A. M.
No. 12—Accommodation.....1:15 P. M.
No. 15—Accommodation arrives.....3:00 P. M.
SOUTH BOUND.
No. 16—Accommodation.....1:15 P. M.
No. 13—Accommodation.....10:45 A. M.
No. 4—Limited.....11:30 P. M.
Geo. H. STOCH, AGENT.

Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie R'y

The Short Line East to Gladstone, Sault Ste. Marie and all Canadian and New England points and WEST to Minneapolis, St. Paul and Western Minnesota and Dakota.

TRAINS WEST.

No. 3—Passenger.....10:25 P. M. through No. 57—Passenger.....7:38 A. M. local between Pennington and Cameron Junction.
No. 21—Freight.....1:30 P. M.

TRAINS EAST.

No. 56—Passenger.....7:27 P. M. local between Pennington and Cameron Junction.
No. 4—Passenger.....3:12 A. M. through No. 20—Freight.....7:37 P. M.

Close connections made at Pennington with M. & W. R'y for all Lake Superior points, and at Tron Lake with D. & A. R'y for Mackinaw and all Lower Peninsula points.

Some men would rather be governors of doubtful states than to be right.

Kansas is for Cleveland, Massachusetts is divided between Cleveland and Hill, and Senator German is against both.

If the Democrats have any influence with the New York World they might induce it to endeavor to elect a republican president.

By going up into Rhode Island it appears that Ex-Gov. Campbell was severely squeezed in Grover Cleveland's elevator shaft.

Those over-sanguine Democrats who started out to carry Rhode Island have now discovered that they made a mistake in the month.

Several ambitious statesmen who have their eyes on the New York delegation are patiently waiting for Senator Hill to issue his transfer checks.

That is a very pretty story about Senator German going to New York to put a stop to the Cleveland-Hill feud, but why should German stop the row?

It is said the Czar is very anxious for the Czarewitch to marry. He should turn the young man over to some first-class matrimonial bureau that is doing a Russian business.

Cleveland's indorsement at the hands of the Pennsylvania Democratic convention is not only open at both ends, but there is a preceptible Pattison sag in the middle of the resolutions.

Senator Hill's presidential stock may not be skimming along the top notches of the market, yet there are reasons for believing that he would rather be "an unsteady light in the wilderness of darkness and danger" than a Sigma Chi.

People are noticing that as soon as it was announced that "Cleveland was a resident of New Jersey" some of the Jersey cities went Republican with a shout. It only took one day in Rhode Island to roll up a Republican majority there. Is the ex-president a democratic hon-do?

Tariff On Cotton Ties.

The Boston Journal presents its compliments to Mr. David A. Wells, and begs him to cease from weeping because of the oppression wherewith the McKinley bill afflicts the American cotton grower by placing a duty on the ties that bind his bales.

For, says the Journal, though the American planter pays about 2 cents a pound for his ties, yet he not only gets his money back but also gets a clear profit of from 4 to 5 cents on every 2 cents advanced by him for the purchase of ties.

The way it is done is this: When the British spinner buys a bale of cotton he pays 6 or 7 cents per pound for the gross weight of the bale. The wrapper and the ties that bind it are weighed and paid for as cotton, for the custom of the American cotton trade is that no tare is allowed for the packing.

So that it is not the "poor American cotton grower" who "pays the tax" if tax there be, but the rich British manufacturer. Mr. David A. Wells always insists that the British manufacturer is rich, and that he is made rich by his "free raw material." This being so, it is just as well that he should pay a trifling "tax"—we allow Mr. David A. Wells the benefit of his pet word—to the American government.

Meanwhile, let us all refrain from weeping with Mr. Wells over the wretched condition of the American cotton grower who pays 2 cents per pound for his ties and sells at from 6 to 7 cents.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Wausau, Wis., April 15, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Rhinelander, Wis., on 10th day of June 1892, viz: George Keeler II, E. No. 455, for the N. 2 S. E. & N. 2 E. Sec. 25 Township 35, North of Range 10 East.
He claims the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William Wenger, August Hoffaker, S. H. Roberts, Walter Vaughn, all of Pelican Lake, Wis. J. H. SANDERS, Register.
Apr 21-6w-may 26.

STATE OF WISCONSIN.

County of Oneida, ss. In Municipal Court To Fred Winkler:
You are hereby notified that a summons has been issued against you, and your property garnished to satisfy the demand of F. C. Henrici, amounting to twenty dollars. Now, unless you shall appear before said court, at his office, in the Village of Rhinelander, in said county, on the 10th day of April, 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, judgment will be rendered against you and your property sold to pay the debt.
Dated this 25th day of March A. D. 1892.
F. C. HENRICI, Plaintiff.

CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

JAMES YOUNG, Plaintiff, vs. EFFIE D. TORRES, Defendant.
The State of Wisconsin, to the said defendant: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure to do so, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Oneida County, Wisconsin.
Attest: P. O. Address, Rhinelander, Oneida Co., Wis. mar 31.

H. LEWIS, Wine, Liquor and Cigar MERCHANT.

Stoltzman Block, Rhinelander, Wis.
My goods are the very best, and I can supply customers at Chicago and Louisville wholesale prices.

Fine California Wines a Specialty.

Give me a call and sample goods and prices.

ASHLAND MILWAUKEE LAKE SHORE ROUTE & WESTERN RY.

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HUREY, IRONWOOD, BESSMER and WAKEFIELD, The Manufacturing Centers and Lumbering Districts of Central and Northern Wisconsin.

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Close connections with fast trains for the EAST and SOUTH. Solid vestibuled Trains of Free Reclining Chair Cars, Palace Sleeping Cars and Superb Dining Cars between Chicago and Council Bluffs, Omaha, Denver and Portland, through Sleeping Cars CHICAGO TO SAN FRANCISCO without change.

For Maps, Time Tables, and general information apply to Agents Chicago & North-Western R'y, or to the General Passenger and Ticket Agent at Chicago.

W. E. NEWMAN, J. M. WHITMAN, W. A. TERRELL, Vice Pres. Gen'l Manager, Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent

INSURANCE : : :

JAMES M. HARRIGAN has Life, Accident, Sickness and Indemnity Insurance for the best and is Special Agent for the following companies: National Life Standard Accident, American Casualty. Persons Desiring Insurance Will do well to see him. None But the Best.

D. CONOVER, L. F. PORTER, H. P. PADLEY

Conover, Porter & Padley, ARCHITECTS.

Pioneer block, Madison, Wis. Knight block, Ashland, Wis.

The Giant Sleigh Manfg Co., Wagons and Sleighs.

—Manufacturers of—

General Blacksmithing

Repairing Done on Short Notice.

We Also Have an Expert Horseshoer.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of five hundred thirty-eight and 16-100 dollars (\$538.16) claimed to be due at the date of this notice, for principal and interest, upon a certain real estate mortgage executed on the 14th day of April A. D. 1890, by John Eastberg and Annie Eastberg, his wife, mortgagors to R. E. Dinick, mortgagee, who said mortgage contains a power of sale, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Oneida County, Wisconsin, on the 9th day of April 1890, at 10 o'clock A. M., in Volume 3 of Mortgages on page 105; and no action at law or otherwise having been commenced to recover the amount secured by said mortgage, and the power of sale aforesaid having become operative by reason of the said default.

Now, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale, and pursuant to the statute in such case provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the land and premises therein described as follows, viz: Lot number Fourteen (14) in block number Ten (10) of S. W. Albana's Addition to the Village of Rhinelander, Oneida County, Wisconsin, will be sold at public auction, by the sheriff of Oneida County, Wisconsin, on the 21st day of May 1892, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the front door of the First National Bank, in the Village of Rhinelander in said county of Oneida and state of Wisconsin, for the purpose of satisfying the amount due on said mortgage as aforesaid with solicitors' fees and costs of sale.
Dated April 7, 1892.
MILLER & McCORMICK, Attys. for Mortgagee.
Apr 7-6w7t may19

WM. SHUMANN,

—Proprietor of—

North Side Meat Market.

Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats at Reasonable Prices. Manufacturers of

Shumann's Famous Sausage!

The Best in the City. Try It.

Mason St., Rhinelander.

W. D. HARRIGAN

—DEALER IN—

BRICK, LIME, HAIR, SAND, ADAMANT, WALL PLASTER, Fire Brick & Clay.

Cements of all kinds, Hard and Soft Coal, Wood etc. Orders by mail promptly attended. Office in Harrigan's Block.

F. A. HILDEBRAND,

DEALER IN FURNITURE.

My Stock is Complete and my Prices Reasonable. Your Patronage is solicited.

An expert embalmer and funeral director in readiness at all times. Call before purchasing.

RHINELANDER, - WIS.

Globe Barber Shop and Bath Room!

CHAS. NAYLOR, Proprietor.

Hair Cutting, Shaving, Shampooing, etc., done in first-class order, as now but the best of workmen are employed. A hot or cold water bath can be secured at a very reasonable price, and satisfaction guaranteed. Give me a call and be convinced.

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Plans and Estimates for Residences and all classes of buildings. Correspondence promptly answered and no charge made unless plans are accepted.

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Day and week board at reasonable rates. A first-class house in every respect. Headquarters for Michigan men

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Complete Abstract of all Lands in Oneida County.

A General Land Business Transacted

Office in Court House.

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STABLE.

The Best of Carriages and Horses on hand day or night. Careful drivers furnished when desired. Moderate Charges. Give us a call.

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Provision Depot!

Is always stocked with seasonable goods. The finest butter, eggs and everything usual found in a provision store. Potatoes at wholesale or retail. Give us a call. Brown street.

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